

# Think Tank Residential Series 2024-1 Trust - Issue Supplement

Dated 17 April 2024

BNY Trust Company of Australia Limited (ABN 49 050 294 052) in its capacity as trustee of the Think Tank Residential Series 2024-1 Trust (“**Trustee**”)

BNY Trust (Australia) Registry Limited (ABN 88 000 334 636) in its capacity as trustee of the Think Tank Residential Series 2024-1 Trust Security Trust (“**Security Trustee**”)

AMAL Asset Management Limited (ABN 31 065 914 918) (“**Standby Servicer**” and “**Standby Trust Manager**”)

Think Tank Group Pty Limited (ABN 75 117 819 084) (“**Trust Manager**”, “**Originator**” and “**Servicer**”)

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# Think Tank Residential Series 2024-1 Trust - Issue Supplement

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# Think Tank Residential Series 2024-1 Trust - Issue Supplement

## Details

**Interpretation** – definitions are set out in clause 1 (“Definitions and interpretation”)

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<b>Parties</b>		
<b>Trustee</b>	Name	<b>BNY Trust Company of Australia Limited</b>
	ABN	49 050 294 052
	Capacity	as trustee of the Think Tank Residential Series 2024-1 Trust
	Address	Level 2 1 Bligh Street Sydney NSW 2000
	Telephone	(02) 9260 6000
	Fax	(02) 9260 6009
	Attention	Global Client Services
<b>Security Trustee</b>	Name	<b>BNY Trust (Australia) Registry Limited</b>
	ABN	88 000 334 636
	Capacity	as trustee of the Think Tank Residential Series 2024-1 Trust Security Trust
	Address	Level 2 1 Bligh Street Sydney NSW 2000
	Telephone	(02) 9260 6000
	Fax	(02) 9260 6009
	Attention	Global Client Services

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<b>Standby Servicer and Standby Trust Manager</b>	Name	<b>AMAL Asset Management Limited</b>
	ABN	31 065 914 918
	Address	Suite 1, Level 13 20 Bond Street Sydney NSW 2000
	Email	mail@amal.com.au
	Attention	The Director
<b>Trust Manager, Originator and Servicer</b>	Name	<b>Think Tank Group Pty Limited</b>
	ABN	75 117 819 084
	Address	Level 24 101 Miller Street North Sydney NSW 2060
	Fax	(02) 8669 5599
	Attention	Director
<b>Governing law</b>	New South Wales	
<b>Date of deed</b>	See Signing page	

# Think Tank Residential Series 2024-1 Trust - Issue Supplement

## General terms

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### 1 Definitions and interpretation

#### 1.1 Incorporated definitions

A term which has a defined meaning in the:

- (a) Security Trust Deed; or
- (b) Master Trust Deed,

has the same meaning when used in this document unless it is expressly defined in this document, in which case the meaning in this document prevails. If the definition of a term in the Security Trust Deed or the Master Trust Deed is amended in this document, the definition in the Security Trust Deed or Master Trust Deed applies to the extent amended by this document.

In the event of any inconsistency between a term defined in the Security Trust Deed and a term defined in the Master Trust Deed, the term defined in the Security Trust Deed will prevail.

A term defined in the Security Trust Deed or the Master Trust Deed by reference to a Trust (as defined in the Master Trust Deed) will, when used in this document, be taken to be defined by reference to the Trust (as defined in this document), unless the contrary intention appears.

#### 1.2 Definitions

These meanings apply unless the contrary intention appears:

**A\$ or Australian Dollars** means the lawful currency of the Commonwealth of Australia.

**Accrued Interest Adjustment** means, in relation to a Purchased Receivable acquired by the Trustee from the Disposing Trustee pursuant to a Reallocation, the income referred to in clause 15.8(a)(i) ("Adjustments") of the Master Trust Deed and clause 2.8(a)(i) ("Adjustments") of the Master Sale and Purchase Deed (as applicable).

**Affected Party** in respect of a Derivative Contract has the meaning set out in that Derivative Contract.

**AMAL** means AMAL Asset Management Limited (ABN 31 065 914 918).

**Amortisation Amount** means, on any Payment Date on which an Amortisation Event is subsisting, an amount equal to:

$$A \times (100\% - B)$$

where:

A = the Total Available Income available to be applied on that Payment Date under clause 5.9(x) ("Application of Total Available Income").



B = the rate of tax assessed on taxable income for corporations in Australia (other than base rate entities within the meaning of section 23AA of the *Income Tax Rates Act 1986* (Cth)) (expressed as a percentage) in Australia at that time.

An **Amortisation Event** is subsisting on any Payment Date if there are any Notes outstanding on that Payment Date and:

- (a) that Payment Date occurs after the first Call Option Date; or
- (b) a Servicer Termination Event is subsisting on the Determination Date immediately preceding that Payment Date and has subsisted for 10 or more Business Days.

**Amortisation Ledger** has the meaning given to it in clause 5.16 (“Amortisation Ledger”).

**Applicable Benchmark Rate** has the meaning set out in the Conditions.

**Arrears** means in respect of a Purchased Receivable, there is an unpaid, overdue or unfulfilled obligation by the relevant Obligor in respect of that Purchased Receivable, including any payment or repayment of fees, charges, interest and principal.

**Arrears Days** means, on any day in respect of a Purchased Receivable which is then in Arrears, the number of days calculated as follows:

$$AD = \frac{A}{B} \times \frac{365}{12}$$

where:

AD = the Arrears Days on that day.

A = the aggregate of all amounts (including any Arrears) which are due and payable (but which remain unpaid) by the relevant Obligor on that day in respect of that Purchased Receivable.

B = the amount of the scheduled payment which was most recently due to be paid by the relevant Obligor prior to that day in accordance with the Purchased Receivable.

**Arrears Loans (90+)** means, at any time, a Purchased Receivable in respect of which the number of Arrears Days is more than 90 days at that time.

**Arrears Ratio (90+)** means, at any time, an amount (expressed as a percentage) calculated as follows:

$$A = \frac{B}{C}$$

where:

A = the Arrears Ratio (90+) at that time.

B = is the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all Purchased Receivables which are Arrears Loans (90+).

C = the Portfolio Balance at that time.

**Authorised Investments** means:

- (a) cash deposited in an interest bearing bank account in the name of the Trustee with an Eligible Bank; or
- (b) any debt securities which:
  - (i) have:
    - (A) a short term credit rating of A-1 by S&P; and
    - (B) a short term credit rating of F1 from Fitch,or such other credit ratings by the relevant Designated Rating Agency as may be notified by the Trust Manager to the Trustee from time to time provided that the Trust Manager has delivered a Rating Notification in respect of such other credit ratings;
  - (ii) mature on or prior to the Payment Date immediately following their date of acquisition;
  - (iii) are denominated in Australian Dollars;
  - (iv) are held in the name of the Trustee; and
  - (v) is an “authorised investment” within the meaning of section 289 of the *Duties Act 2001* (Qld),

in each case which:

- (c) does not constitute a securitisation exposure or a resecuritisation exposure (as defined in Prudential Standard APS 120 issued by the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority, including any amendment or replacement of that Prudential Standard); and
- (d) does not give rise to FATCA Withholding Tax.

**Available Income** means, in respect of any Determination Date, the amount calculated in accordance with clause 5.3 (“Calculation of Available Income”).

**BBSW Rate** has the meaning set out in the Conditions.

**Bridging Loan** means a Receivable which is advanced for the purpose of providing bridging finance between the purchase of a new property and the sale of an existing property.

**Business Day** means a day on which banks are open for general banking business in Sydney and Melbourne (not being a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday in that place).

**Business Day Convention** means the convention for adjusting any date if it would otherwise fall on a day that is not a Business Day, such that the date is postponed to the next Business Day unless that date would then occur in the following calendar month (in which case the date will be brought forward to the preceding Business Day).

**Call Option Date** has the meaning set out in the Conditions.

**Carryover Charge-Off** means, on any Determination Date, the amount equal to:

$A + B - C$

where:

- A = the amount (if any) of the Carryover Charge-Offs on the previous Determination Date;
- B = the amount (if any) of the Charge-Offs on the current Determination Date; and
- C = the amount (if any) of Total Available Income available to be applied on the next Payment Date under clause 5.9(p) (“Application of Total Available Income”).

**Charge-Off** means, in respect of a Determination Date, the amount (if any) by which the Losses in respect of the immediately preceding Collection Period exceeds the aggregate of the amounts available to be applied from Total Available Income on the next Payment Date under clause 5.9(o) (“Application of Total Available Income”).

**Class** means a class of Notes.

**Class A1 Note** means the Class A1-S Notes and the Class A1-L Notes (or any of them).

**Class A1 Noteholder** means each Class A1-S Noteholder and each Class A1-L Noteholder (or any of them).

**Class A1-L Note** means any Note (as defined in the Conditions) designated as a “Class A1-L Note” and which is issued in accordance with this document and the Note Deed Poll.

**Class A1-L Noteholder** means each person who is from time to time entered in the Note Register as the holder of a Class A1-L Note.

**Class A1-S Note** means any Note (as defined in the Conditions) designated as a “Class A1-S Note” and which is issued in accordance with this document and the Note Deed Poll.

**Class A1-S Noteholder** means each person who is from time to time entered in the Note Register as the holder of a Class A1-S Note.

**Class A2 Note** means any Note (as defined in the Conditions) designated as a “Class A2 Note” and which is issued in accordance with this document and the Note Deed Poll.

**Class A2 Noteholder** means each person who is from time to time entered in the Note Register as the holder of a Class A2 Note.

**Class A2 Subordinated Note Percentage** means on any day the amount (expressed as a percentage) equal to:

$$\frac{A}{B}$$

where:

- A = the aggregate of the Amortisation Ledger and the Stated Amount of the Class B Notes, the Class C Notes, the Class D Notes, the Class E Notes, the Class F Notes and the Class G Notes; and
- B = the aggregate Stated Amount of all outstanding Notes on that day.

**Class B Note** means any Note (as defined in the Conditions) designated as a “Class B Note” and which is issued in accordance with this document and the Note Deed Poll.

**Class B Note Residual Interest** means, in relation to a Class B Note and an Interest Period:

- (a) if that Interest Period commences prior to the first Call Option Date, zero; or
- (b) if that Interest Period commences on or after the first Call Option Date, the amount equal to:
  - (i) all Interest in respect of that Class B Note for that Interest Period; less
  - (ii) the Class B Note Senior Interest in respect of that Class B Note for that Interest Period.

**Class B Note Senior Interest** means in relation to a Class B Note and an Interest Period:

- (a) if that Interest Period commences prior to the first Call Option Date, all Interest in respect of that Class B Note for that Interest Period; or
- (b) if that Interest Period commences on or after the first Call Option Date, the amount of interest payable on that Note in respect of that Interest Period as determined in accordance with condition 6 (“Interest”) of the Conditions as though the Class Margin for the Class B Notes and that Interest Period were the Step-down Class Margin for the Class B Notes.

**Class B Noteholder** means each person who is from time to time entered in the Note Register as the holder of a Class B Note.

**Class C Note** means any Note (as defined in the Conditions) designated as a “Class C Note” and which is issued in accordance with this document and the Note Deed Poll.

**Class C Note Residual Interest** means, in relation to a Class C Note and an Interest Period:

- (a) if that Interest Period commences prior to the first Call Option Date, zero; or
- (b) if that Interest Period commences on or after the first Call Option Date, the amount equal to:
  - (i) all Interest in respect of that Class C Note for that Interest Period; less
  - (ii) the Class C Note Senior Interest in respect of that Class C Note for that Interest Period.

**Class C Note Senior Interest** means in relation to a Class C Note and an Interest Period:

- (a) if that Interest Period commences prior to the first Call Option Date, all Interest in respect of that Class C Note for that Interest Period; or
- (b) if that Interest Period commences on or after the first Call Option Date, the amount of interest payable on that Note in respect of that Interest

Period as determined in accordance with condition 6 (“Interest”) of the Conditions as though the Class Margin for the Class C Notes and that Interest Period were the Step-down Class Margin for the Class C Notes.

**Class C Noteholder** means each person who is from time to time entered in the Note Register as the holder of a Class C Note.

**Class D Note** means any Note (as defined in the Conditions) designated as a “Class D Note” and which is issued in accordance with this document and the Note Deed Poll.

**Class D Note Residual Interest** means, in relation to a Class D Note and an Interest Period:

- (a) if that Interest Period commences prior to the first Call Option Date, zero; or
- (b) if that Interest Period commences on or after the first Call Option Date, the amount equal to:
  - (i) all Interest in respect of that Class D Note for that Interest Period; less
  - (ii) the Class D Note Senior Interest in respect of that Class D Note for that Interest Period.

**Class D Note Senior Interest** means in relation to a Class D Note and an Interest Period:

- (a) if that Interest Period commences prior to the first Call Option Date, all Interest in respect of that Class D Note for that Interest Period; or
- (b) if that Interest Period commences on or after the first Call Option Date, the amount of interest payable on that Note in respect of that Interest Period as determined in accordance with condition 6 (“Interest”) of the Conditions as though the Class Margin for the Class D Notes and that Interest Period were the Step-down Class Margin for the Class D Notes.

**Class D Noteholder** means each person who is from time to time entered in the Note Register as the holder of a Class D Note.

**Class E Note** means any Note (as defined in the Conditions) designated as a “Class E Note” and which is issued in accordance with this document and the Note Deed Poll.

**Class E Note Residual Interest** means, in relation to a Class E Note and an Interest Period:

- (a) if that Interest Period commences prior to the first Call Option Date, zero; or
- (b) if that Interest Period commences on or after the first Call Option Date, the amount equal to:
  - (i) all Interest in respect of that Class E Note for that Interest Period; less
  - (ii) the Class E Note Senior Interest in respect of that Class E Note for that Interest Period.

**Class E Note Senior Interest** means in relation to a Class E Note and an Interest Period:

- (a) if that Interest Period commences prior to the first Call Option Date, all Interest in respect of that Class E Note for that Interest Period; or
- (b) if that Interest Period commences on or after the first Call Option Date, the amount of interest payable on that Note in respect of that Interest Period as determined in accordance with condition 6 (“Interest”) of the Conditions as though the Class Margin for the Class E Notes and that Interest Period were the Step-down Class Margin for the Class E Notes.

**Class E Noteholder** means each person who is from time to time entered in the Note Register as the holder of a Class E Note.

**Class F Note** means any Note (as defined in the Conditions) designated as a “Class F Note” and which is issued in accordance with this document and the Note Deed Poll.

**Class F Note Residual Interest** means, in relation to a Class F Note and an Interest Period:

- (a) if that Interest Period commences prior to the first Call Option Date, zero; or
- (b) if that Interest Period commences on or after the first Call Option Date, the amount equal to:
  - (i) all Interest in respect of that Class F Note for that Interest Period; less
  - (ii) the Class F Note Senior Interest in respect of that Class F Note for that Interest Period.

**Class F Note Senior Interest** means in relation to a Class F Note and an Interest Period:

- (a) if that Interest Period commences prior to the first Call Option Date, all Interest in respect of that Class F Note for that Interest Period; or
- (b) if that Interest Period commences on or after the first Call Option Date, the amount of interest payable on that Note in respect of that Interest Period as determined in accordance with condition 6 (“Interest”) of the Conditions as though the Class Margin for the Class F Notes and that Interest Period were the Step-down Class Margin for the Class F Notes.

**Class F Noteholder** means each person who is from time to time entered in the Note Register as the holder of a Class F Note.

**Class G Note** means any Note (as defined in the Conditions) designated as a “Class G Note” and which is issued in accordance with this document and the Note Deed Poll.

**Class G Noteholder** means each person who is from time to time entered in the Note Register as the holder of a Class G Note.

**Class Margin**, in respect of a Note, has the meaning set out in the Conditions.

**Closing Date** means the “Issue Date” as defined in the Dealer Agreement.

**Collateral Support** means, on any day:

- (a) in respect of the Liquidity Facility Agreement, the Collateral Account Balance (as defined in the Liquidity Facility Agreement); and
- (b) in respect of a Derivative Contract, the amount of collateral (if any) paid or transferred to the Trustee by the relevant Derivative Counterparty in accordance with the terms of that Derivative Contract that has not been applied before that day to satisfy the Derivative Counterparty's obligations under that Derivative Contract in accordance with the terms of that Derivative Contract.

**Collection Account** has the meaning set out in the General Security Deed.

**Collection Period** means, in relation to a Payment Date, the period from (and including) the first day of the month immediately preceding that Payment Date up to (and including) the last day of the month immediately preceding that Payment Date, provided that the first Collection Period will commence on (and include) the Closing Date.

**Collection Period Distribution** means payments made by the Trustee during a Collection Period in accordance with clause 5.1 ("Distributions during a Collection Period").

**Collections** means, in respect of a Collection Period, all amounts received by, or on behalf of, the Trustee in respect of the Purchased Receivables and Purchased Related Securities during that Collection Period, including, without limitation:

- (a) all principal, interest and fees;
- (b) any proceeds recovered from any enforcement action;
- (c) any proceeds received on any sale or Reallocation of any Purchased Receivable; and
- (d) any amount received from any party to the Transaction Documents as damages in respect of a breach of any representation or warranty.

**Conditions** means the Conditions of the Notes set out in Schedule 1 of the Note Deed Poll.

**Consolidated Group** means a consolidated group for tax purposes under Part 3-90 of the Tax Act.

**Construction Loan** means a Receivable which is advanced for the purpose of funding progress payments in respect of construction works on the Land in respect of that Receivable, unless that construction has been completed.

**Cut-Off Date** means 13 February 2024.

**Dealer Agreement** means the agreement entitled "Think Tank Residential Series 2024-1 Trust Dealer Agreement" dated 9 April 2024 between the Trustee, the Trust Manager and others.

**Defaulting Party** in respect of a Derivative Contract has the meaning set out in that Derivative Contract.

**Derivative Contract** means any Derivative Contract (as defined in the Security Trust Deed) entered into by the Trustee in respect of the Trust on terms and with a counterparty in respect of which a Rating Notification has been given.

**Designated Rating Agency** means each of:

- (a) S&P; and
- (b) Fitch.

**Details** means the section of this document headed “Details”.

**Determination Date** means the day which is 2 Business Days prior to a Payment Date.

**Disposing Trust** means each of the following:

- (a) the Think Tank Residential W05 Trust established pursuant to the Master Trust Deed and a notice of creation of trust dated 18 January 2021;
- (b) the Think Tank Residential W06 Trust established pursuant to the Master Trust Deed and a notice of creation of trust dated 12 May 2021; and
- (c) the Think Tank Residential W07 Trust established pursuant to the Master Trust Deed and a notice of creation of trust dated 3 May 2022.

**Disposing Trustee** means BNY Trust Company of Australia Limited (ABN 49 050 294 052) as trustee of a Disposing Trust.

**Eligible Bank** means any Bank which has assigned to it:

- (a) by S&P:
  - (i) a long term credit rating of not less than ‘A’; or
  - (ii) a short-term credit rating of not less than ‘A-1’, and
- (b) by Fitch:
  - (i) a long term credit rating of not less than ‘A’; or
  - (ii) a short term credit rating of not less than ‘F1’,

or such other credit ratings by the relevant Designated Rating Agency as may be notified by the Trust Manager to the Trustee from time to time provided that the Trust Manager has delivered a Rating Notification in respect of such other credit ratings.

**Eligible Receivable** means a Receivable which satisfies the Eligibility Criteria on the Closing Date.

**Eligibility Criteria** means the criteria set out in Schedule 1.

**Enforcement Expenses** means all expenses, charges, fees and Taxes paid by or on behalf of the Servicer in connection with the enforcement of any Purchased Receivable or Purchased Related Security, as advised by the Servicer to the Trust Manager from time to time.

**Event of Default** has the meaning set out in clause 6 (“Events of Default”).

**Excluded Tax** means, in relation to a person:

- (a) any FATCA Withholding Tax; or



- (b) any Taxes:
- (i) imposed by any jurisdiction on the net income or profits of the person but not any Tax calculated on or by reference to the gross amount of any payment (without allowance for any deduction) derived by the person under any Transaction Document or any other document referred to in any Transaction Document; or
  - (ii) imposed, or required to be withheld in respect of any payment to that person, by reason of the person being either:
    - (A) a non-resident of Australia who does not participate in the transaction at or through a permanent establishment in Australia; or
    - (B) a resident of Australia who participates in the transaction through a permanent establishment outside of Australia; or
  - (iii) which would not be required to be deducted or withheld by the payer if the person had provided the payer with any of its name, address, Australian business number (ABN), Australian tax file number, registration number or similar details or evidence of any relevant tax exemption or similar details; or
  - (iv) in a case where the payer receives a notice or direction under section 260-5 of Schedule 1 to the *Taxation Administration Act 1953* (Cth), section 255 of the Tax Act or any analogous provisions, any amounts paid or deducted from sums payable to the person by the payer in compliance with such notice or direction.

**Extraordinary Expense Lender** has the meaning set out in clause 5.4 (“Extraordinary Expense Reserve”).

**Extraordinary Expense Loan** has the meaning set out in clause 5.4 (“Extraordinary Expense Reserve”).

**Extraordinary Expense Reserve** means the sub-ledger established in accordance with clause 5.4 (“Extraordinary Expense Reserve”).

**Extraordinary Expense Reserve Draw** has the meaning given to that term under clause 5.4 (“Extraordinary Expense Reserve”).

**Extraordinary Expense Reserve Required Amount** means \$150,000.

**Extraordinary Expenses** means, in relation to a Collection Period, any out of pocket Trust Expenses properly and reasonably incurred by the Trustee in relation to the Trust in respect of that Collection Period but which are not incurred in the ordinary course of business of the Trust.

**Fallback Rate** has the meaning given to it in the Conditions.

**FATCA** means:

- (a) sections 1471 through to 1474 of the United States of America Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and any regulations or official guidance issued with respect thereof and any amended or successor provisions;

- (b) any treaty, law, regulation, or other official guidance enacted in any other jurisdiction, or relating to an intergovernmental agreement between the United States of America and any other jurisdiction, which (in either case) facilitates the implementation of any law, regulation or official guidance referred to in paragraph (a) above; or
- (c) any agreement pursuant to the implementation of any treaty, law, regulation or official guidance referred to in paragraphs (a) or (b) above, with the United States of America Internal Revenue Service, the United States of America government or any government or governmental or taxation authority in any other jurisdiction.

**FATCA Withholding Tax** means a withholding or deduction made under or in connection with, or in order to ensure compliance with, FATCA.

**Fitch** means Fitch Australia Pty Ltd.

**Further Advance** means, in relation to a Purchased Receivable, any advance to the relevant Obligor after the settlement date of that Purchased Receivable which results in an increase in the Scheduled Balance of that Purchased Receivable.

**General Insurance Policy** means a policy of general insurance (which covers fire, storm and tempest) in respect of property.

**Group Tax Liability** means the tax-related liabilities listed in section 721-10(2) of the Tax Act that are relevant to the Think Tank Consolidated Group.

**GST Group** has the meaning given to that term in section 48-5 of the *A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999* (Cth).

**Income Collections** means, in respect of a Determination Date, the amount calculated in accordance with clause 5.2 (“Income Collections”).

**Indirect Tax Sharing Agreement** means an indirect tax sharing agreement contemplated by section 444-90(1A) in Schedule 1 to the *Taxation Administration Act 1953* (Cth).

**Initial Invested Amount** means:

- (a) for each Note (other than a Redraw Note), the amount specified as such in clause 3.5 (“Initial Invested Amount of the Notes”); and
- (b) for each Redraw Note, such amount as may be determined by the Trust Manager.

**Insurance Policy** means in respect of a Receivable any:

- (a) General Insurance Policy; and
- (b) Title Insurance Policy,

in each case relating to that Receivable.

**Interest** means, in respect of a Note and an Interest Period, the amount of interest payable on that Note in respect of that Interest Period as determined in accordance with condition 6 (“Interest”) of the Conditions.

**Interest Only Loan** means a Receivable which does not require the amortisation of principal for a specified period of time.

**Interest Period** means in respect of a Note:

- (a) initially, the period from (and including) the Issue Date of that Note to (but excluding) the first Payment Date following that Issue Date; and
- (b) each subsequent period from (and including) each Payment Date to (but excluding) the next following Payment Date,

provided that if an Interest Period would otherwise end after the Maturity Date or the date on which that Note is to be redeemed in full in accordance with the Conditions, it will be reduced to end on the Maturity Date or the redemption date (as the case may be).

**Invested Amount** at any time in respect of a Note, means an amount equal to:

- (a) the Initial Invested Amount of that Note; less
- (b) the aggregate of all principal repayments made in respect of that Note prior to that time.

**Issue Date** has the meaning set out in the Conditions.

**Land** means, in respect of a Receivable, each parcel of land or interest in land (including any building and other improvements on such land) the subject of the relevant Related Security for that Receivable.

**Liquidity Draw** has the meaning set out in clause 5.6 ("Liquidity Draw").

**Liquidity Facility Agreement** means:

- (a) the agreement entitled "Think Tank Residential Series 2024-1 Trust – Liquidity Facility Agreement" dated on or about the date of this document entered into between the Trustee, the Trust Manager and National Australia Bank Limited; and
- (b) any other agreement which the Trustee and the Trust Manager agree is a "Liquidity Facility Agreement" in respect of the Trust, provided that a Rating Notification has been given in respect of such agreement.

**Liquidity Facility Provider** means the person or persons named as the "Liquidity Facility Provider" in the relevant Liquidity Facility Agreement.

**Liquidity Shortfall** means, on a Determination Date, the amount (if positive) by which the Payment Shortfall on that Determination Date exceeds the Principal Draw to be made on the immediately following Payment Date in accordance with clause 5.5 ("Principal Draw").

**Losses** means, in respect of a Collection Period, the aggregate principal losses for all Purchased Receivables which arise during that Collection Period after all enforcement action has been taken in respect of any Purchased Receivable and after taking into account:

- (a) all proceeds received as a consequence of enforcement under any Purchased Receivables (less the relevant Enforcement Expenses); and
- (b) any payments received from the Servicer or any other person for a breach of its obligations under the Transaction Documents,

and **Loss** has a corresponding meaning.

**LVR** means, at any time in relation to a Receivable, the ratio of:

- (a) the Outstanding Principal Balance of that Receivable at that time; and

- (b) the value of the Land relating to that Receivable as at the date the Receivable was originated.

**Manual of Procedures** means the policies and procedures of the Originator relating to the origination and servicing of receivables.

**Master Sale and Purchase Deed** means the deed entitled “Think Tank Master Sale and Purchase Deed” dated 22 March 2013 between BNY Trust Company of Australia Limited and others.

**Master Trust Deed** means the deed entitled “Think Tank Master Trust Deed” dated 22 March 2013 between BNY Trust Company of Australia Limited and others.

**Material Adverse Payment Effect** means an event or circumstance which will or is likely to have a material and adverse effect on:

- (a) the amount of any payment of a Senior Obligation; or
- (b) the timing of any such payment.

**Maturity Date** has the meaning set out in the Conditions.

**NCCP** has the meaning given to that term in the Servicing Deed.

**Note Deed Poll** means the deed entitled “Think Tank Residential Series 2024-1 Trust - Note Deed Poll” dated on or about the date of this document signed by the Trustee.

**Notes** means:

- (a) the Class A1-S Notes;
- (b) the Class A1-L Notes;
- (c) the Class A2 Notes;
- (d) the Class B Notes;
- (e) the Class C Notes;
- (f) the Class D Notes;
- (g) the Class E Notes;
- (h) the Class F Notes;
- (i) the Class G Notes; and
- (j) the Redraw Notes,

as applicable.

**Notice of Creation of Security Trust** means the document entitled “Notice of Creation of Security Trust - Think Tank Residential Series 2024-1 Trust Security Trust” dated 7 March 2024 signed by BNY Trust (Australia) Registry Limited.

**Notice of Creation of Trust** means the document entitled “Notice of Creation of Trust - Think Tank Residential Series 2024-1 Trust” dated 7 March 2024 signed by BNY Trust Company of Australia Limited.

**Obligor** means, in relation to a Purchased Receivable or Purchased Related Security, any person who is obliged to make payments either jointly or severally to the Trustee in connection with that Purchased Receivable or Purchased Related Security.

**Other Income** means, in respect of a Collection Period, any miscellaneous income and other amounts (deemed by the Trust Manager to be in the nature of income or interest) in respect of the Trust Assets (including income earned on Authorised Investments, other than any Authorised Investments purchased from Collateral Support, and any interest earned on the Collection Account but excluding the Extraordinary Expense Reserve) received by or on behalf of the Trustee during that Collection Period.

**Outstanding Balance** means, at any time in relation to a Purchased Receivable, the aggregate of:

- (a) the Outstanding Principal Balance of that Purchased Receivable at that time; plus
- (b) any interest or other charges which are unpaid in respect of that Purchased Receivable at that time.

**Outstanding Principal Balance** means, at any time in relation to a Purchased Receivable, the outstanding principal balance of that Purchased Receivable at that time.

**Payment Date** means the 10<sup>th</sup> day of each month (subject to the Business Day Convention), provided that the first Payment Date occurs in June 2024.

**Payment Shortfall** means, on a Determination Date, the amount (if positive) by which the Required Payments in respect of the immediately following Payment Date exceed the Available Income in respect of that Determination Date.

**Permanent Discontinuation Trigger** has the meaning given to it in the Conditions.

**Permanent Fallback Effective Date** has the meaning given to it in the Conditions.

**Permitted Encumbrance** means, in respect of the Trust:

- (a) the General Security Deed; and
- (b) any Encumbrance arising under any other Transaction Document.

**Portfolio Balance** means, at any time, the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of all Purchased Receivables at that time.

**PPS Register** means the Personal Property Securities Register established under section 147 of the PPSA.

**Prepayment Costs** means the amount of any fee or cost (or similar amount) payable by an Obligor in respect of a Purchased Receivable as a result of the Obligor prepaying any principal amount in respect of that Purchased Receivable.

**Principal Adjustment** means an amount equal to:

A - B

where:

A = the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Purchased Receivables as at the Cut-Off Date (plus, without double counting, any interest which is accrued and unpaid on the Cut-Off Date); and

B = the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Purchased Receivables as at the Closing Date (plus, without double counting, any interest which is accrued and unpaid on the Closing Date).

**Principal Collections** means, in respect of a Determination Date, the amount equal to:

- (a) the Collections in respect of the immediately preceding Collection Period; less
- (b) the Income Collections in respect of that Determination Date.

**Principal Draw** has the meaning set out in clause 5.5 (“Principal Draw”).

The **Principal Step-Down Test** will be satisfied on any Payment Date on or after the second anniversary of the Closing Date but prior to the fourth anniversary of the Closing Date if:

- (a) there are no Class A1-S Notes outstanding on the Determination Date immediately preceding that Payment Date;
- (b) the Class A2 Subordinated Note Percentage on the Determination Date immediately preceding that Payment Date is at least double the Class A2 Subordinated Note Percentage at the Closing Date;
- (c) the Arrears Ratio (90+) as at the last day of the Collection Period immediately preceding that Payment Date is not greater than 4.00%;
- (d) there are no Carryover Charge-Offs which remain unreimbursed as at the Determination Date immediately preceding that Payment Date;
- (e) there are no Principal Draws which remain unreimbursed as at that Payment Date (after the application of clause 5.9 (“Application of Total Available Income”));
- (f) there are no amounts which remain outstanding under the Liquidity Facility Agreement as at that Payment Date (after the application of clause 5.9 (“Application of Total Available Income”)); and
- (g) the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of the Purchased Receivables as at the Determination Date immediately preceding that Payment Date is greater than 20% of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of the Purchased Receivables as at the Cut-Off Date.

**Purchased Receivable** means, at any time, a Receivable which is then, or is then immediately to become, a Trust Asset.

**Purchased Related Security** means, at any time, a Related Security which is then, or is then immediately to become, a Trust Asset.

**Reallocation** has the meaning given to the term “Reallocation” in the Master Trust Deed or the term “Reallocate” in the Master Sale and Purchase Deed (as applicable) and **Reallocate** or **Reallocated** has a corresponding meaning.

**Reallocation Notice** means a Reallocation Notice (as defined in the Master Trust Deed or the Master Sale and Purchase Deed (as applicable)) dated on or

after the date of this document from the Disposing Trustee and the Trust Manager to the Trustee.

**Receivable** means a loan receivable.

**Receivable Terms** means, in respect of a Receivable or Related Security, any agreement or other document that evidences the Obligor's payment or repayment obligations or any other terms and conditions of that Receivable or Related Security.

**Recoveries** means any amount received from or on behalf of Obligors, or under any Purchased Related Security, in respect of Purchased Receivables that were previously the subject of a Loss.

**Redraw** means, in relation to a Purchased Receivable, any advance to the relevant Obligor after the settlement date of that Purchased Receivable which does not result in an increase in the Scheduled Balance of that Purchased Receivable.

**Redraw Note** means a Note (as defined in the Conditions) issued pursuant to clause 3.4 ("Issue of Redraw Notes").

**Redraw Note Limit** means at any time, \$5,000,000 or such other amount determined by the Trust Manager provided that a Rating Notification has been given in respect of such amount.

**Redraw Noteholder** means each person who is from time to time entered in the Register as the holder of a Redraw Note.

**Redraw Shortfall** has the meaning set out in clause 3.4(a) ("Issue of Redraw Notes").

**Related Body Corporate** has the meaning given to it in the Corporations Act.

**Related Entity** has the meaning given to it in the Corporations Act.

**Related Security** means, in respect of a Receivable, any Encumbrance which is given or is to be given as security for that Receivable.

**Required Payments** means, in respect of a Payment Date, the aggregate of the payments payable on that Payment Date in accordance with clause 5.9(a) to clause 5.9(m) ("Application of Total Available Income"), but excluding the payment of Interest (including any unpaid Interest) to be made on any Class B Notes, any Class C Notes, any Class D Notes, any Class E Notes or any Class F Notes (as applicable) if the aggregate Stated Amount of that Class of Notes is less than 95% of the aggregate Invested Amount of that Class of Notes on that Payment Date (taking into account any reduction in the Stated Amount of that Class of Notes to be made on that Payment Date).

**S&P** means S&P Global Ratings Australia Pty Limited.

**Scheduled Balance** means, at any time, the scheduled amortising balance of a Purchased Receivable calculated in accordance with the terms of that Purchased Receivable on its origination date.

**Secured Creditor** includes (for the purposes of, and without limiting, the definition of that term in the Security Trust Deed):

- (a) the Servicer;
- (b) the Standby Servicer;

- (c) the Standby Trust Manager; and
- (d) the Extraordinary Expense Lender.

**Security Trust** means the Think Tank Residential Series 2024-1 Trust Security Trust constituted under the Notice of Creation of Security Trust and the Security Trust Deed.

**Security Trust Deed** means the deed entitled “Think Tank Master Security Trust Deed” dated 22 March 2013 between BNY Trust Company of Australia Limited and others.

**Senior Obligations** means, at any time, the obligations of the Trustee:

- (a) in respect of the Redraw Notes, the Class A1-S Notes or the Class A1-L Notes and any obligations ranking equally or senior to the Redraw Notes, the Class A1-S Notes or the Class A1-L Notes (as determined in accordance with the order of priority set out in clause 5.9 (“Application of Total Available Income”)) at any time while the Redraw Notes, the Class A1-S Notes or the Class A1-L Notes are outstanding;
- (b) in respect of the Class A2 Notes and any obligations ranking equally or senior to the Class A2 Notes (as determined in accordance with the order of priority set out in clause 5.9 (“Application of Total Available Income”)), at any time while the Class A2 Notes are outstanding but no Redraw Notes, Class A1-S Notes or Class A1-L Notes are outstanding;
- (c) in respect of the Class B Notes and any obligations ranking equally or senior to the Class B Notes (as determined in accordance with the order of priority set out in clause 5.9 (“Application of Total Available Income”)), other than Class B Note Residual Interest, at any time while the Class B Notes are outstanding but no Redraw Notes, Class A1-S Notes, Class A1-L Notes or Class A2 Notes are outstanding;
- (d) in respect of the Class C Notes and any obligations ranking equally or senior to the Class C Notes (as determined in accordance with the order of priority set out in clause 5.9 (“Application of Total Available Income”)), other than Class C Note Residual Interest, at any time while the Class C Notes are outstanding but no Redraw Notes, Class A1-S Notes, Class A1-L Notes, Class A2 Notes or Class B Notes are outstanding;
- (e) in respect of the Class D Notes and any obligations ranking equally or senior to the Class D Notes (as determined in accordance with the order of priority set out in clause 5.9 (“Application of Total Available Income”)), other than Class D Note Residual Interest, at any time while the Class D Notes are outstanding but no Redraw Notes, Class A1-S Notes, Class A1-L Notes, Class A2 Notes, Class B Notes or Class C Notes are outstanding;
- (f) in respect of the Class E Notes and any obligations ranking equally or senior to the Class E Notes (as determined in accordance with the order of priority set out in clause 5.9 (“Application of Total Available Income”)), other than Class E Note Residual Interest, at any time while the Class E Notes are outstanding but no Redraw Notes, Class A1-S Notes, Class A1-L Notes, Class A2 Notes, Class B Notes, Class C Notes or Class D Notes are outstanding;
- (g) in respect of the Class F Notes and any obligations ranking equally or senior to the Class F Notes (as determined in accordance with the order of priority set out in clause 5.9 (“Application of Total Available Income”)), other than Class F Note Residual Interest, at any time while the Class F



Notes are outstanding but no Redraw Notes, Class A1-S Notes, Class A1-L Notes, Class A2 Notes, Class B Notes, Class C Notes, Class D Notes or Class E Notes are outstanding;

- (h) in respect of the Class G Notes and any obligations ranking equally or senior to the Class G Notes (as determined in accordance with the order of priority set out in clause 5.9 (“Application of Total Available Income”)), at any time while the Class G Notes are outstanding but no Redraw Notes, Class A1-S Notes, Class A1-L Notes, Class A2 Notes, Class B Notes, Class C Notes, Class D Notes, Class E Notes or Class F Notes are outstanding; and
- (i) if Notes are not then outstanding, under the Transaction Documents generally.

**Servicer Termination Event** has the meaning set out in clause 12.1 (“Servicer Termination Event”).

**Servicing Deed** means the deed entitled “Think Tank Master Servicing Deed” dated 22 March 2013 between the Trustee and others (as amended from time to time).

**Servicing Guidelines** has the meaning set out in the Servicing Deed.

**Standby Management Deed** means the deed entitled “Think Tank Residential Series 2024-1 Trust Standby Management Deed” dated on or about the date of this document between the Trustee and others.

**Standby Servicer** means the person so described in the Standby Servicing Deed.

**Standby Servicing Deed** means the deed entitled “Think Tank Residential Series 2024-1 Trust Standby Servicing Deed” dated on or about the date of this document between the Trustee and others.

**Standby Trust Manager** means the person so described in the Standby Management Deed.

**Stated Amount** means, at any time in respect of a Note, an amount equal to:

- (a) the Invested Amount of that Note at that time; less
- (b) the amount of any Charge-Offs which have been allocated to that Note under clause 5.12 (“Allocation of Charge-Offs”) prior to that time which have not been reimbursed on or before that time under clause 5.13 (“Reinstatement of Carryover Charge-Offs”).

**Step-down Class Margin** means, in respect of a Class of Notes, an amount equal to the lesser of:

- (a) the Class Margin in respect of that Class of Notes; and
- (b) 2.00% per annum.

**Tax Account** means an account with an Eligible Bank established and maintained in the name of the Trustee and in accordance with the terms of the Master Trust Deed, which is to be opened by the Trustee when directed to do so by the Trust Manager in writing.

**Tax Act** means *the Income Tax Assessment Act 1936* (Cth) or the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997* (Cth), as applicable.

**Tax Amount** means, in respect of a Payment Date, the amount (if any) of Tax that the Trust Manager reasonably determines will be payable in the future by the Trustee in respect of the Trust and which accrued during the immediately preceding Collection Period.

**Tax Sharing Agreement** means any agreement contemplated by section 721-25 of the Tax Act, which complies with the requirements set out in any regulations and is in accordance with any guidelines published by the Commissioner of Taxation concerning what is a reasonable allocation of all relevant Group Tax Liabilities of a Consolidated Group among certain members of that group, or is otherwise accepted by the Commissioner of Taxation as being such a reasonable allocation.

**Tax Shortfall** means, in respect of a Payment Date, the amount (if any) determined by the Trust Manager to be the shortfall between the aggregate Tax Amounts determined by the Trust Manager in respect of previous Payment Dates and the amounts set aside under clause 5.9(aa) ("Application of Total Available Income") on previous Payment Dates.

**Think Tank** means Think Tank Group Pty Limited (ABN 75 117 819 084).

**Think Tank Consolidated Group** means the Consolidated Group of which Think Tank is the head company.

**Think Tank Tax Sharing Agreement** means the Tax Sharing Agreement for the purposes of section 721-25 of the Tax Act dated 18 June 2014 between, amongst others, Think Tank as head company of the Think Tank Consolidated Group and the Trustee.

**Threshold Rate** means, in respect of a Determination Date and the immediately following Payment Date, the greater of:

- (a) the aggregate of:
  - (i) the weighted average interest rate required to be paid on the Purchased Receivables (taking into account the interest amounts received under any fixed rate Purchased Receivables and any corresponding Derivative Contract) which will ensure that the Trustee has sufficient funds available to it to pay all of the Required Payments on that Payment Date (assuming that all parties comply with their obligations under the Transaction Documents and the Purchased Receivables (excluding any Purchased Receivables which have been written off) and taking into account income on other Authorised Investments); and
  - (ii) 0.25% per annum; and
- (b) the aggregate of:
  - (i) the BBSW Rate for the Interest Period ending immediately prior to that Payment Date; and
  - (ii) 3.25% per annum.

**Threshold Rate Subsidy** means, in respect of a Payment Date, the amount calculated as follows:

$$(A-B) \times C \times D$$

where:

- A= the Threshold Rate in respect of that Payment Date;
- B= the weighted average interest rate on the Purchased Receivables as at that Payment Date (taking into account amounts received under fixed rate Purchased Receivables (if any) and any corresponding Derivative Contract);
- C = the Portfolio Balance on that day; and
- D= the number of days in the period commencing on (and including) that Payment Date and ending on (but excluding) the immediately following Payment Date, divided by 365,

provided that if this calculation is negative, the Threshold Rate Subsidy will be zero.

**Title Documents** means, in respect of a Purchased Receivable, the original of:

- (a) the certificate or other indicia of title (if any) in respect of the relevant Land;
- (b) any valuation report obtained in connection with the Receivable;
- (c) any deed of priority or similar document entered into in connection with that Receivable;
- (d) the relevant Receivable Terms; and
- (e) all other documents required to evidence the interest of the lender of record in the relevant Land,

as applicable.

**Title Insurance Policy** means a policy of insurance covering the Purchased Receivable against the invalidity, unenforceability and loss of priority of a Related Security.

**Total Available Income** means, in respect of a Determination Date, the amount calculated in accordance with clause 5.7 ("Calculation of Total Available Income") on that Determination Date.

**Total Available Principal** means, in respect of a Determination Date and the Collection Period immediately preceding that Determination Date, the amount calculated in accordance with clause 5.10 ("Calculation of Total Available Principal").

**Transaction Documents** means in respect of the Trust:

- (a) each "Transaction Document" (as defined in the Security Trust Deed) in respect of the Trust;
- (b) each Reallocation Notice;
- (c) the Standby Management Deed;
- (d) the Standby Servicing Deed;
- (e) the Master Sale and Purchase Deed; and
- (f) any other documents which the Trustee and the Trust Manager agree is a Transaction Document in respect of the Trust from time to time.

**Trust** means the Think Tank Residential Series 2024-1 Trust constituted under the Master Trust Deed and the Notice of Creation of Trust.

**Trust Expenses** means all costs, charges, expenses, taxes and fees properly incurred by the Trustee in connection with the Trust in accordance with the Transaction Documents and any other amounts for which the Trustee is entitled to be reimbursed or indemnified out of the Trust Assets (but excluding any amount of a type otherwise referred to in clause 5.9 ("Application of Total Available Income") or clause 5.11 ("Application of Total Available Principal")).

**Trust Manager Termination Event** has the meaning set out in clause 12.2 ("Trust Manager Termination Events").

**Verification Provision** means:

- (a) section 11A of the Land Title Act 1994 (QLD);
- (b) sections 56C and 119(4) of the Real Property Act 1900 (NSW);
- (c) the "Western Australian Registrar and Commissioner of Titles Joint Practice: Verification of Identity" issued jointly by the Western Australian Registrar of Titles and Commissioner of Titles;
- (d) section 87A of the Transfer of Land Amendment Act 2014 (Vic);
- (e) the "Registrar-General's Verification of Identity Policy" issued by the Land Titles Office, South Australia; and
- (f) all other similar provisions enacted or in force in any applicable Australian jurisdiction from time to time.

**Voting Secured Creditor** means, in respect of the Trust:

- (a) for so long as any Class A1 Notes remain outstanding:
  - (i) the Class A1 Noteholders; and
  - (ii) any Secured Creditor in respect of amounts ranking equally or senior to the Class A1 Noteholders (as determined in accordance with the order of priority set out in clause 5.9 ("Application of Total Available Income"));
- (b) if no Class A1 Notes remain outstanding and for so long as any Class A2 Notes remain outstanding:
  - (i) the Class A2 Noteholders; and
  - (ii) any Secured Creditor in respect of amounts ranking equally or senior to the Class A2 Noteholders (as determined in accordance with the order of priority set out in clause 5.9 ("Application of Total Available Income"));
- (c) if no Class A1 Notes or Class A2 Notes remain outstanding and for so long as any Class B Notes remain outstanding:
  - (i) the Class B Noteholders; and
  - (ii) any Secured Creditor in respect of amounts ranking equally or senior to the Class B Noteholders (as determined in accordance with the order of priority set out in clause 5.9 ("Application of Total Available Income"));

- (d) if no Class A1 Notes, Class A2 Notes or Class B Notes remain outstanding and for so long as any Class C Notes remain outstanding:
  - (i) the Class C Noteholders; and
  - (ii) any Secured Creditor in respect of amounts ranking equally or senior to the Class C Noteholders (as determined in accordance with the order of priority set out in clause 5.9 (“Application of Total Available Income”));
- (e) if no Class A1 Notes, Class A2 Notes, Class B Notes or Class C Notes remain outstanding and for so long as any Class D Notes remain outstanding:
  - (i) the Class D Noteholders; and
  - (ii) any Secured Creditor in respect of amounts ranking equally or senior to the Class D Noteholders (as determined in accordance with the order of priority set out in clause 5.9 (“Application of Total Available Income”));
- (f) if no Class A1 Notes, Class A2 Notes, Class B Notes, Class C Notes or Class D Notes remain outstanding and for so long as any Class E Notes remain outstanding:
  - (i) the Class E Noteholders; and
  - (ii) any Secured Creditor in respect of amounts ranking equally or senior to the Class E Noteholders (as determined in accordance with the order of priority set out in clause 5.9 (“Application of Total Available Income”));
- (g) if no Class A1 Notes, Class A2 Notes, Class B Notes, Class C Notes, Class D Notes or Class E Notes remain outstanding and for so long as any Class F Notes remain outstanding:
  - (i) the Class F Noteholders; and
  - (ii) any Secured Creditor ranking equally or senior to the Class F Noteholders (as determined in accordance with the order of priority set out in clause 5.9 (“Application of Total Available Income”));
- (h) if no Class A1 Notes, Class A2 Notes, Class B Notes, Class C Notes, Class D Notes, Class E Notes or Class F Notes remain outstanding and for so long as any Class G Notes remain outstanding:
  - (i) the Class G Noteholders; and
  - (ii) any Secured Creditor ranking equally or senior to the Class G Noteholders (as determined in accordance with the order of priority set out in clause 5.9 (“Application of Total Available Income”)); and
- (i) if no Notes remain outstanding, the remaining Secured Creditors.

**Yield Reserve** has the meaning set out in clause 5.14 (“Yield Reserve”).

The **Yield Reserve Allocation Conditions** will be satisfied on a Payment Date if:

- (a) there are any Class A1-S Notes, Class A1-L Notes, Class A2 Notes, Class B Notes or Class C Notes which remain outstanding as at the immediately preceding Determination Date;
- (b) the first Call Option Date has not occurred;
- (c) there have been 12 or more Payment Dates (including that Payment Date); and
- (d) as at the last day of the Collection Period immediately preceding the 12th Payment Date, the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of the Purchased Receivables is less than 70.5% of the aggregate Outstanding Principal Balance of the Purchased Receivables as at the Cut-Off Date.

**Yield Reserve Balance** means, at any time, the balance of the Yield Reserve at that time.

**Yield Reserve Draw** has the meaning set out in clause 5.7 (“Yield Reserve Draw”).

**Yield Reserve Maximum Balance** means \$550,000.

**Yield Shortfall** means, on a Determination Date, the amount (if positive) calculated as follows:

$$A = B - C - D$$

where:

A = the Yield Shortfall in respect of that Determination Date;

B = the Liquidity Shortfall on that Determination Date;

C = any Liquidity Draw to be made on the immediately following Payment Date in accordance with clause 5.6 (“Liquidity Draw”); and

D = the amounts payable under clauses 5.9(k), 5.9(l) and 5.9(m) (“Application of Total Available Income”) on the immediately following Payment Date.

### 1.3 General

Clauses 1.2 (“References to certain general terms”) to clause 1.5 (“Schedules”) and clause 6.1 (“Awareness of certain events”) of the Security Trust Deed apply to this document.

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## 2 Trust characteristics

### 2.1 Rating

The Trust will be a Rated Trust on the issue of the Notes on the Closing Date.

### 2.2 Transaction Documents

For the purposes of the Security Trust Deed:

- (a) this document is the Issue Supplement in respect of the Trust;
- (b) the Note Deed Poll (as defined in clause 1.2 (“Definitions”)) is the Note Deed Poll in respect of the Trust;

- (c) the Liquidity Facility Agreement (as defined in clause 1.2 (“Definitions”)) is the Liquidity Facility Agreement in respect of the Trust;
- (d) the Servicing Deed (as defined in clause 1.2 (“Definitions”)) is the Servicing Deed in respect of the Trust;
- (e) any Derivative Contract (as defined in clause 1.2 (“Definitions”)) will be a Derivative Contract in respect of the Trust; and
- (f) the Dealer Agreement (as defined in clause 1.2 (“Definitions”)) is the Dealer Agreement in respect of the Trust.

The Trust Manager will notify each Designated Rating Agency of any other documents which the Trustee and the Trust Manager agree is a Transaction Document in respect of the Trust from time to time after the date of this document.

### **2.3 Other documents**

Initially:

- (a) there is no Support Facility Agreement in respect of the Trust; and
- (b) there is no Derivative Contract in respect of the Trust.

No Support Facility Agreement or Derivative Contract will be entered into after the date of this document unless Rating Notification has been provided in respect of such entry.

### **2.4 Origination Deed**

The Origination Deed does not apply to the Trust and is not a Transaction Document in respect of the Trust.

### **2.5 Note Deed Poll**

To the extent that the Note Deed Poll (including the Conditions) purports to require the Trust Manager to make a calculation or comply with an obligation, the Trust Manager undertakes to make that calculation or comply with that obligation (as applicable) in the manner provided in the Note Deed Poll.

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## **3 Issue of Notes**

### **3.1 Notes to be issued on the Closing Date**

The Trustee will, on the direction of the Trust Manager, issue the following Notes on the Closing Date:

- (a) Class A1-S Notes;
- (b) Class A1-L Notes;
- (c) Class A2 Notes;
- (d) Class B Notes;
- (e) Class C Notes;
- (f) Class D Notes;

- (g) Class E Notes;
- (h) Class F Notes; and
- (i) Class G Notes,

each having an aggregate Initial Invested Amount as notified by the Trust Manager to the Trustee on or prior to the Closing Date.

The Trustee may also issue Redraw Notes after the Closing Date in accordance with clause 3.4 (“Issue of Redraw Notes”).

### **3.2 Conditions precedent**

The obligation of the Trustee to issue the Notes is subject to receipt by the Trust Manager of each of the following (in a form and substance satisfactory to the Trust Manager):

- (a) an executed copy of each Transaction Document;
- (b) transaction and taxation legal opinions from King & Wood Mallesons;
- (c) a legal opinion from Minter Ellison, in relation to the due execution of the Transaction Documents by the Trustee and the Security Trustee; and
- (d) written confirmation from the relevant Designated Rating Agency that, upon issue:
  - (i) the Class A1-S Notes will be rated AAA(sf) by S&P and AAAsf by Fitch;
  - (ii) the Class A1-L Notes will be rated AAA(sf) by S&P and AAAsf by Fitch;
  - (iii) the Class A2 Notes will be rated AAA(sf) by S&P and AAAsf by Fitch;
  - (iv) the Class B Notes will be rated at least AA(sf) by S&P;
  - (v) the Class C Notes will be rated at least A(sf) by S&P;
  - (vi) the Class D Notes will be rated at least BBB(sf) by S&P;
  - (vii) the Class E Notes will be rated at least BB(sf) by S&P; and
  - (viii) the Class F Notes will be rated at least B(sf) by S&P.

The Trust Manager must provide written confirmation to the Trustee upon its receipt of such documents.

### **3.3 Excluded Issue**

The Trust Manager must only direct the Trustee to issue Notes if:

- (a) the offer or invitation giving rise to the issue is not:
  - (i) an offer or invitation which requires disclosure to investors under Part 6D.2 or Part 7.9 of the Corporations Act; or



- (ii) an offer or invitation to a “retail client” for the purposes of Chapter 7 of the Corporations Act; and
- (b) the issue complies with any applicable law or directive of the jurisdiction where it takes place.

The Trustee must only issue Notes in accordance with the Trust Manager’s direction.

### **3.4 Issue of Redraw Notes**

- (a) Subject to paragraph (b), if at any time the Trust Manager reasonably forms the view that the Principal Collections (as estimated by the Trust Manager) that will be available to fund the making or reimbursement of Redraws in accordance with clause 5.1 (“Distributions during a Collection Period”) will be less than the Trust Manager’s estimate of the amounts required to fund such Redraws (a “**Redraw Shortfall**”) then the Trust Manager may (in its discretion) direct the Trustee to issue Redraw Notes with such aggregate Invested Amount as may be determined by the Trust Manager having regard to the Redraw Shortfall.
- (b) The Trust Manager may only direct the Trustee to issue Redraw Notes if:
  - (i) the Trust Manager reasonably forms the view that the aggregate Invested Amount of all Redraw Notes immediately after the issue of such Redraw Notes will not exceed the Redraw Note Limit; and
  - (ii) a Rating Notification has been provided in respect of the issuance of such Redraw Notes.

### **3.5 Initial Invested Amount of the Notes**

Each Note (other than a Redraw Note) on its issue will have an Initial Invested Amount of \$10,000.

### **3.6 Further Notes**

The Trust Manager must not direct the Trustee to issue any further Notes after the Closing Date other than Redraw Notes.

### **3.7 Use of Note proceeds**

The Trust Manager must only direct the Trustee to use the proceeds from:

- (a) the issue of any Notes (other than Redraw Notes):
  - (i) for the acquisition (by Reallocation) of Purchased Receivables from the Disposing Trustee in accordance with the Master Trust Deed and the Master Sale and Purchase Deed (as applicable) on the Closing Date; or
  - (ii) for the acquisition of Authorised Investments on the Closing Date; and
- (b) the issue of any Redraw Notes to fund any Redraw Shortfall.

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## **4 Threshold Rate**

### **4.1 Calculation of Threshold Rate**

The Trust Manager must calculate the Threshold Rate for each Payment Date.

### **4.2 Setting Interest Rate on Purchased Receivables**

Subject to clause 4.3 (“Payment of Threshold Rate Subsidy”), the Trust Manager must, on each Payment Date, direct the Servicer to reset or cause to be reset, and the Servicer must upon such direction reset or cause to be reset, as soon as possible (having regard to the NCCP, to the extent applicable), the interest rates on any one or more Purchased Receivables so that the weighted average interest rate on the Purchased Receivables is not less than the Threshold Rate in respect of that Payment Date.

### **4.3 Payment of Threshold Rate Subsidy**

The Trust Manager need not give a direction under clause 4.2 (“Setting of Interest Rate on Purchased Receivables”) in respect of a Payment Date, if an aggregate amount equal to the Threshold Rate Subsidy has been deposited by the Trust Manager into the Collection Account by 4.00pm on that Payment Date.

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## **5 Cashflow Allocation Methodology**

### **5.1 Distributions during a Collection Period**

- (a) Subject to paragraph (b) below, prior to the occurrence of an Event of Default, the Trust Manager may, on any day during a Collection Period, direct the Trustee to apply (and the Trustee must apply on that direction) Principal Collections received during that Collection Period towards funding Redraws.
- (b) The Trust Manager must not direct the Trustee to apply Principal Collections in accordance with clause 5.1(a) (“Distributions during a Collection Period”) unless it is satisfied that there will be sufficient Total Available Principal on the next Payment Date to fund any required Principal Draw under clause 5.11 (“Application of Total Available Principal”) on that Payment Date.

### **5.2 Income Collections**

On each Determination Date, the Income Collections for the immediately preceding Collection Period will be calculated by the Trust Manager as the aggregate of the following items (without double counting):

- (a) all Collections comprising interest and other amounts in the nature of interest or income received during that immediately preceding Collection Period in respect of any Purchased Receivable or Purchased Related Security, or any similar amount in respect of any Purchased Receivable or Purchased Related Security deemed by the Trust Manager to be in the nature of income or interest, including without limitation amounts of that nature:
  - (i) recovered from the enforcement of a Purchased Receivable or Purchased Related Security;
  - (ii) paid to the Trustee upon the sale or Reallocation of a Purchased Receivable or Purchased Related Security;

- (iii) in respect of a breach of a representation or warranty contained in the Transaction Documents in respect of a Purchased Receivable or Purchased Related Security or under any obligation to indemnify or reimburse the Trustee; and
- (b) any Recoveries received during that immediately preceding Collection Period in respect of a Purchased Receivable or Purchased Related Security.

### 5.3 Calculation of Available Income

On each Determination Date, the Available Income will be calculated by the Trust Manager as the aggregate of the following (without double counting):

- (a) the Income Collections in respect of the immediately preceding Collection Period; plus
- (b) any Other Income in respect of the immediately preceding Collection Period; plus
- (c) the net amount due to the Trustee by each Derivative Counterparty on the next Payment Date (if any); plus
- (d) any payment in respect of a Threshold Rate Subsidy received from the Trust Manager pursuant to clause 4.3 (“Payment of Threshold Rate Subsidy”) during the immediately preceding Collection Period.

### 5.4 Extraordinary Expense Reserve

- (a) The Trust Manager must establish and maintain a sub-ledger to the Collection Account known as the “**Extraordinary Expense Reserve**”.
- (b) It is acknowledged that:
  - (i) Think Tank (as “**Extraordinary Expense Lender**”) will, on the Closing Date, make a deposit (of its own funds) to the Extraordinary Expense Reserve of an amount equal to the Extraordinary Expense Reserve Required Amount on that day;
  - (ii) such deposit shall constitute an interest bearing loan from the Extraordinary Expense Lender to the Trustee (“**Extraordinary Expense Loan**”);
  - (iii) the interest on the Extraordinary Expense Loan shall equal the interest credited to the Extraordinary Expense Reserve from time to time and the Trustee shall (at the direction of the Trust Manager) withdraw and pay such interest from the Extraordinary Expense Reserve to the Extraordinary Expense Lender on the Payment Date immediately following such interest being credited; and
  - (iv) the Extraordinary Expense Loan is only repayable by the Trustee to the Extraordinary Expense Lender after all Notes have been redeemed in full and, following the occurrence of an Event of Default and enforcement of the General Security Deed and the application of paragraph (f) below, in accordance with clause 5.17 (“Application of proceeds following an Event of Default”).
- (c) The Trust Manager will maintain a record of the Extraordinary Expense Reserve which will record on the Closing Date and each Payment Date:

- (i) as credits to the balance of the Extraordinary Expense Reserve, all amounts paid under clause 5.4(b)(i) (in the case of the Closing Date) and clause 5.9(q) (“Application of Total Available Income”) (in the case of a Payment Date) and all interest credited to the Extraordinary Expense Reserve under clause 5.4(b)(iii); and
  - (ii) as debits to the balance of the Extraordinary Expense Reserve, any amount applied from the Extraordinary Expense Reserve under clause 5.4(e)(i), 5.4(e)(ii) or 5.4(e)(iii).
- (d) If, on any Determination Date, the Trust Manager determines that there is an Extraordinary Expense, then the Trust Manager must direct the Trustee to (and on such direction the Trustee must) withdraw an amount from the Extraordinary Expense Reserve equal to the lesser of:
- (i) the amount of the Extraordinary Expense on that day; and
  - (ii) the balance of the Extraordinary Expense Reserve on that day,
- and apply that amount towards Total Available Income for that Collection Period (“**Extraordinary Expense Reserve Draw**”).
- (e) Subject to clause 5.4(f), the balance of the Extraordinary Expense Reserve will only be applied by the Trustee at the direction of the Trust Manager as follows:
- (i) on a Payment Date for the purpose of making an Extraordinary Expense Reserve Draw in accordance with clause 5.4(d);
  - (ii) on a Payment Date to pay interest to the Extraordinary Expense Lender in accordance with clause 5.4(b)(iii); and
  - (iii) at any time after all Notes have been redeemed in full, to the Extraordinary Expense Lender in repayment of the Extraordinary Expense Loan.
- (f) Following an Event of Default and enforcement of the General Security Deed, the balance of the Extraordinary Expense Reserve will first be applied in repayment of the Extraordinary Expense Loan with any excess available to be applied in accordance with clause 5.17 (“Application of proceeds following an Event of Default”).

## 5.5 Principal Draw

If, on any Determination Date, there is a Payment Shortfall, the Trust Manager must direct the Trustee to allocate an amount of Total Available Principal (in accordance with clause 5.11 (“Application of Total Available Principal”)) on the Payment Date immediately following that Determination Date equal to the lesser of:

- (a) the Payment Shortfall on that Determination Date; and
- (b) the Total Available Principal available for application for that purpose on that Payment Date in accordance with clause 5.11(a) (“Application of Total Available Principal”),

(a “**Principal Draw**”).

## 5.6 Liquidity Draw

If, on any Determination Date, there is a Liquidity Shortfall, the Trust Manager must, on behalf of the Trustee, request a drawing under the Liquidity Facility Agreement on the Payment Date immediately following that Determination Date equal to the lesser of:

- (a) the Liquidity Shortfall on that Determination Date; and
- (b) the Available Liquidity Amount (as defined in the Liquidity Facility Agreement) on that Determination Date,

(a “**Liquidity Draw**”).

## 5.7 Yield Reserve Draw

If, on any Determination Date, there is a Yield Shortfall, the Trust Manager must, direct the Trustee to (and on such direction the Trustee must) withdraw an amount from the Yield Reserve on the Payment Date immediately following that Determination Date equal to the lesser of:

- (a) the Yield Shortfall on that Determination Date; and
- (b) the Yield Reserve Balance on that Determination Date,

(a “**Yield Reserve Draw**”).

## 5.8 Calculation of Total Available Income

On each Determination Date, the Total Available Income will be calculated by the Trust Manager as the aggregate of the following:

- (a) the Available Income for that Determination Date;
- (b) any Principal Draw for that Determination Date;
- (c) any Liquidity Draw for that Determination Date;
- (d) any Yield Reserve Draw for that Determination Date;
- (e) the Yield Reserve Balance to be withdrawn from the Yield Reserve on the immediately following Payment Date in accordance with clause 5.15(a) (“Distribution of Yield Reserve”) if applicable; and
- (f) any Extraordinary Expense Reserve Draw for that Determination Date.

## 5.9 Application of Total Available Income

On each Determination Date prior to the occurrence of an Event of Default and enforcement of the General Security Deed, the Trust Manager must direct the Trustee to pay (and the Trustee must pay) on the next Payment Date the following amounts out of the Total Available Income (in respect of the relevant Determination Date) in the following order of priority:

- (a) first, \$10 to the Participation Unitholder;
- (b) next, on the first Payment Date only, in payment of any Accrued Interest Adjustment;

- (c) next, any Taxes payable in relation to the Trust for the Collection Period immediately preceding that Payment Date (after the application of the balance of the Tax Account towards payment of such Taxes);
- (d) next, pari passu and rateably:
  - (i) the Trustee's fee payable and all other amounts owing to the Trustee on that Payment Date (but excluding any amount of a type otherwise referred to in this clause 5.9 or clause 5.11 ("Application of Total Available Principal")); and
  - (ii) the Security Trustee's fee payable and all other amounts owing to the Security Trustee on that Payment Date (but excluding any amount of a type otherwise referred to in this clause 5.9 or clause 5.11 ("Application of Total Available Principal"));
- (e) next, pari passu and rateably:
  - (i) the Trust Manager's fee payable on that Payment Date;
  - (ii) the Servicer's fee payable on that Payment Date;
  - (iii) the Standby Servicer's fee payable on that Payment Date;
  - (iv) the Standby Trust Manager's fee payable on that Payment Date; and
  - (v) any Trust Expenses incurred during any preceding Collection Period and which remain unreimbursed on that Payment Date;
- (f) next, pari passu and rateably:
  - (i) towards payment to the Liquidity Facility Provider of any interest and fees payable on or prior to that Payment Date under the Liquidity Facility Agreement (for the avoidance of doubt, excluding any amounts payable under clause 12 ("Changed costs event") of the Liquidity Facility Agreement);
  - (ii) towards payment to the Liquidity Facility Provider of all outstanding Liquidity Draws made before that Payment Date; and
  - (iii) towards payment to each Derivative Counterparty (if any) of the net amount due under each Derivative Contract (if any) on that Payment Date, excluding:
    - (A) any break costs in respect of the termination of the relevant Derivative Contract to the extent that the Derivative Counterparty is the Defaulting Party or sole Affected Party; and
    - (B) any break costs in respect of the termination of the relevant Derivative Contract to the extent it is being terminated as a result of the prepayment of any related Purchased Receivable, except to the extent the Trustee has received the applicable Prepayment Costs from the relevant Obligors during the immediately preceding Collection Period;
- (g) next, pari passu and rateably, to the Class A1-S Noteholders, the Class A1-L Noteholders, and the Redraw Noteholders towards payment of the

- Interest for the Class A1-S Notes, the Class A1-L Notes and the Redraw Notes for the Interest Period ending on (but excluding) that Payment Date and any unpaid Interest for the Class A1-S Notes, the Class A1-L Notes and the Redraw Notes in respect of preceding Interest Periods;
- (h) next, pari passu and rateably, to the Class A2 Noteholders towards payment of the Interest for the Class A2 Notes for the Interest Period ending on (but excluding) that Payment Date and any unpaid Interest for the Class A2 Notes in respect of preceding Interest Periods;
  - (i) next, pari passu and rateably, to the Class B Noteholders towards payment of the Class B Note Senior Interest for the Class B Notes for the Interest Period ending on (but excluding) that Payment Date and any unpaid Class B Note Senior Interest for the Class B Notes in respect of preceding Interest Periods;
  - (j) next, pari passu and rateably, to the Class C Noteholders towards payment of the Class C Note Senior Interest for the Class C Notes for the Interest Period ending on (but excluding) that Payment Date and any unpaid Class C Note Senior Interest for the Class C Notes in respect of preceding Interest Periods;
  - (k) next, pari passu and rateably, to the Class D Noteholders towards payment of the Class D Note Senior Interest for the Class D Notes for the Interest Period ending on (but excluding) that Payment Date and any unpaid Class D Note Senior Interest for the Class D Notes in respect of preceding Interest Periods;
  - (l) next, pari passu and rateably, to the Class E Noteholders towards payment of the Class E Note Senior Interest for the Class E Notes for the Interest Period ending on (but excluding) that Payment Date and any unpaid Class E Note Senior Interest for the Class E Notes in respect of preceding Interest Periods;
  - (m) next, pari passu and rateably, to the Class F Noteholders towards payment of the Class F Note Senior Interest for the Class F Notes for the Interest Period ending on (but excluding) that Payment Date and any unpaid Class F Note Senior Interest for the Class F Notes in respect of preceding Interest Periods;
  - (n) next, to be applied towards Total Available Principal, an amount equal to any unreimbursed Principal Draws;
  - (o) next, to be applied towards Total Available Principal, an amount equal to any Losses in respect of the immediately preceding Collection Period;
  - (p) next, to be applied towards Total Available Principal, an amount equal to any Carryover Charge-Off (as calculated on the previous Determination Date);
  - (q) next, if the Yield Reserve Allocation Conditions are satisfied on that Payment Date, for allocation to the Yield Reserve until the Yield Reserve Balance is equal to the Yield Reserve Maximum Balance;
  - (r) next, for allocation to the Extraordinary Expense Reserve until the balance of the Extraordinary Expense Reserve is equal to the Extraordinary Expense Reserve Required Amount;
  - (s) next, pari passu and rateably, to the Class B Noteholders towards payment of the Class B Note Residual Interest for the Class B Notes for the Interest Period ending on (but excluding) that Payment Date and any

- unpaid Class B Note Residual Interest for the Class B Notes in respect of preceding Interest Periods;
- (t) next, pari passu and rateably, to the Class C Noteholders towards payment of the Class C Note Residual Interest for the Class C Notes for the Interest Period ending on (but excluding) that Payment Date and any unpaid Class C Note Residual Interest for the Class C Notes in respect of preceding Interest Periods;
  - (u) next, pari passu and rateably, to the Class D Noteholders towards payment of the Class D Note Residual Interest for the Class D Notes for the Interest Period ending on (but excluding) that Payment Date and any unpaid Class D Note Residual Interest for the Class D Notes in respect of preceding Interest Periods;
  - (v) next, pari passu and rateably, to the Class E Noteholders towards payment of the Class E Note Residual Interest for the Class E Notes for the Interest Period ending on (but excluding) that Payment Date and any unpaid Class E Note Residual Interest for the Class E Notes in respect of preceding Interest Periods;
  - (w) next, pari passu and rateably, to the Class F Noteholders towards payment of the Class F Note Residual Interest for the Class F Notes for the Interest Period ending on (but excluding) that Payment Date and any unpaid Class F Note Residual Interest for the Class F Notes in respect of preceding Interest Periods;
  - (x) next, if an Amortisation Event is subsisting on that Payment Date, to be applied towards Total Available Principal, an amount equal to the Amortisation Amount in respect of that Payment Date;
  - (y) next, pari passu and rateably:
    - (i) towards payment to the Liquidity Facility Provider of any other amounts payable on or prior to that Payment Date under the Liquidity Facility Agreement to the extent not paid under clause 5.9(f);
    - (ii) towards payment to each Derivative Counterparty (if any) of any other amounts payable on or prior to that Payment Date under the relevant Derivative Contract (if any) to the extent not paid under clause 5.9(f); and
    - (iii) towards payment to each Dealer of any indemnity amounts payable on or prior to that Payment Date by the Trustee under clause 10.3 (“Indemnity by Trustee”) or clause 10.9 (“Reliance indemnity from Trustee and Trust Manager”) of the Dealer Agreement;
  - (z) next, pari passu and rateably, to the Class G Noteholders towards payment of the Interest for the Class G Notes for the Interest Period ending on (but excluding) that Payment Date and any unpaid Interest for the Class G Notes in respect of preceding Interest Periods;
  - (aa) next, to retain in the Tax Account an amount equal to the Tax Shortfall (if any) in respect of that Payment Date; and
  - (bb) next, as to any surplus, to the Participation Unitholder by way of distribution of the income of the Trust.



## 5.10 Calculation of Total Available Principal

On each Determination Date, the Total Available Principal will be calculated by the Trust Manager as the aggregate of the following:

- (a) the Principal Collections in respect of that Determination Date; plus
- (b) any Total Available Income to be applied on the immediately following Payment Date under clause 5.9(n) (“Application of Total Available Income”) towards repayment of Principal Draws; plus
- (c) any Total Available Income to be applied on the immediately following Payment Date under clause 5.9(o) (“Application of Total Available Income”) in respect of Losses for the immediately preceding Collection Period; plus
- (d) any Total Available Income to be applied on the immediately following Payment Date under clause 5.9(p) (“Application of Total Available Income”) in respect of Carryover Charge-Offs; plus
- (e) any Total Available Income to be applied on the immediately following Payment Date under clause 5.9(x) (“Application of Total Available Income”) in respect of an Amortisation Amount; plus
- (f) in respect of the first Determination Date only, all proceeds received from the Authorised Investments (if any) acquired on the Closing Date in accordance with clause 3.7(a)(ii) (“Use of Note Proceeds”) (excluding any interest earned on such Authorised Investments); plus
- (g) in respect of the first Determination Date only, the Principal Adjustment (if any) received by the Trustee from the Disposing Trustee in accordance with the relevant Reallocation Notice,

less any Collection Period Distributions during the immediately preceding Collection Period.

## 5.11 Application of Total Available Principal

On each Determination Date prior to the occurrence of an Event of Default and enforcement of the General Security Deed, the Trust Manager must direct the Trustee to pay (and the Trustee must pay) on the next Payment Date the following amounts out of the Total Available Principal (in respect of the relevant Determination Date) in the following order of priority:

- (a) first, as a Principal Draw (if required) under clause 5.5 (“Principal Draw”) on that Payment Date;
- (b) next, pari passu and rateably amongst the Redraw Notes until the Invested Amount of the Redraw Notes has been reduced to zero;
- (c) next, if the Principal Step-Down Test is not satisfied on that Payment Date, in the following order of priority:
  - (i) first, pari passu and rateably to the Class A1-S Noteholders, towards the repayment of the Class A1-S Notes until the Invested Amount of the Class A1-S Notes has been reduced to zero;
  - (i) next:

- (A) if that Payment Date occurs on or prior to the first Call Option Date, pari passu and rateably:
  - (aa) to the Class A1-L Noteholders, towards repayment of the Class A1-L Notes until the Invested Amount of the Class A1-L Notes has been reduced to zero; and
  - (ab) to the Class A2 Noteholders, towards repayment of the Class A2 Notes until the Invested Amount of the Class A2 Notes has been reduced to zero; or
- (B) if that Payment Date occurs after the first Call Option Date, in the following order of priority:
  - (aa) first, pari passu and rateably to the Class A1-L Noteholders, towards repayment of the Class A1-L Notes until the Invested Amount of the Class A1-L Notes has been reduced to zero; and
  - (ab) next, pari passu and rateably to the Class A2 Noteholders, towards repayment of the Class A2 Notes until the Invested Amount of the Class A2 Notes has been reduced to zero;
  - (ii) next, pari passu and rateably to the Class B Noteholders, towards the repayment of the Class B Notes until the Invested Amount of the Class B Notes has been reduced to zero;
  - (iii) next, pari passu and rateably to the Class C Noteholders, towards the repayment of the Class C Notes until the Invested Amount of the Class C Notes has been reduced to zero;
  - (iv) next, pari passu and rateably to the Class D Noteholders, towards the repayment of the Class D Notes until the Invested Amount of the Class D Notes has been reduced to zero;
  - (v) next, pari passu and rateably to the Class E Noteholders, towards the repayment of the Class E Notes until the Invested Amount of the Class E Notes has been reduced to zero;
  - (vi) next, pari passu and rateably to the Class F Noteholders, towards the repayment of the Class F Notes until the Invested Amount of the Class F Notes has been reduced to zero; and
  - (vii) next, pari passu and rateably to the Class G Noteholders, towards the repayment of the Class G Notes until the Invested Amount of the Class G Notes has been reduced to zero;
- (d) next, if the Principal Step-Down Test is satisfied on that Payment Date, in the following order of priority:
  - (i) first, pari passu and rateably:
    - (A) to the Class A1-L Noteholders, pari passu and rateably, towards the repayment of the Class A1-L Notes until the Invested Amount of the Class A1-L Notes has been reduced to zero;

- (B) to the Class A2 Noteholders, pari passu and rateably, towards the repayment of the Class A2 Notes until the Invested Amount of the Class A2 Notes has been reduced to zero;
  - (C) to the Class B Noteholders, pari passu and rateably, towards the repayment of the Class B Notes until the Invested Amount of the Class B Notes has been reduced to zero;
  - (D) to the Class C Noteholders, pari passu and rateably, towards the repayment of the Class C Notes until the Invested Amount of the Class C Notes has been reduced to zero;
  - (E) to the Class D Noteholders, pari passu and rateably, towards the repayment of the Class D Notes until the Invested Amount of the Class D Notes has been reduced to zero;
  - (F) to the Class E Noteholders, pari passu and rateably, towards the repayment of the Class E Notes until the Invested Amount of the Class E Notes has been reduced to zero; and
  - (G) to the Class F Noteholders, pari passu and rateably, towards the repayment of the Class F Notes until the Invested Amount of the Class F Notes has been reduced to zero; and
- (ii) next, to the Class G Noteholders, pari passu and rateably, towards the repayment of the Class G Notes until the Invested Amount of the Class G Notes has been reduced to zero; and
- (e) next, as to any surplus (if any), to the Residual Unitholder.

## 5.12 Allocation of Charge-Offs

On each Determination Date, the Trust Manager must determine if there is a Charge-Off in respect of that Determination Date and must allocate any such Charge-Off on the immediately following Payment Date in the following order:

- (a) first, to reduce the balance standing to the credit of the Amortisation Ledger until the balance of the Amortisation Ledger is reduced to zero;
- (b) next, pari passu and rateably, to reduce the aggregate Stated Amount of the Class G Notes until the aggregate Stated Amount of the Class G Notes is reduced to zero;
- (c) next, pari passu and rateably, to reduce the aggregate Stated Amount of the Class F Notes until the aggregate Stated Amount of the Class F Notes is reduced to zero;
- (d) next, pari passu and rateably, to reduce the aggregate Stated Amount of the Class E Notes until the aggregate Stated Amount of the Class E Notes is reduced to zero;
- (e) next, pari passu and rateably, to reduce the aggregate Stated Amount of the Class D Notes until the aggregate Stated Amount of the Class D Notes is reduced to zero;

- (f) next, pari passu and rateably, to reduce the aggregate Stated Amount of the Class C Notes until the aggregate Stated Amount of the Class C Notes is reduced to zero;
- (g) next, pari passu and rateably, to reduce the aggregate Stated Amount of the Class B Notes until the aggregate Stated Amount of the Class B Notes is reduced to zero;
- (h) next, pari passu and rateably, to reduce the aggregate Stated Amount of the Class A2 Notes until the aggregate Stated Amount of the Class A2 Notes is reduced to zero; and
- (i) next, pari passu and rateably:
  - (i) to reduce the aggregate Stated Amount of the Class A1-S Notes, until the aggregate Stated Amount of the Class A1-S Notes is reduced to zero;
  - (ii) to reduce the aggregate Stated Amount of the Class A1-L Notes, until the aggregate Stated Amount of the Class A1-L Notes is reduced to zero; and
  - (iii) to reduce the aggregate Stated Amount of the Redraw Notes until the aggregate Stated Amount of the Redraw Notes is reduced to zero.

### **5.13 Re-instatement of Carryover Charge-Offs**

If on any Payment Date amounts are available for allocation under clause 5.9(p) (“Application of Total Available Income”), then an amount equal to these amounts shall be applied on that Payment Date to increase respectively:

- (a) first, pari passu and rateably:
  - (i) the aggregate Stated Amount of the Class A1-S Notes until it reaches the aggregate Invested Amount of the Class A1-S Notes;
  - (ii) the aggregate Stated Amount of the Class A1-L Notes until it reaches the aggregate Invested Amount of the Class A1-L Notes; and
  - (iii) the aggregate Stated Amount of the Redraw Notes until it reaches the aggregate Invested Amount of the Redraw Notes;
- (b) next, the aggregate Stated Amount of the Class A2 Notes until it reaches the aggregate Invested Amount of the Class A2 Notes;
- (c) next, the aggregate Stated Amount of the Class B Notes until it reaches the aggregate Invested Amount of the Class B Notes;
- (d) next, the aggregate Stated Amount of the Class C Notes until it reaches the aggregate Invested Amount of the Class C Notes;
- (e) next, the aggregate Stated Amount of the Class D Notes until it reaches the aggregate Invested Amount of the Class D Notes;
- (f) next, the aggregate Stated Amount of the Class E Notes until it reaches the aggregate Invested Amount of the Class E Notes;

- (g) next, the aggregate Stated Amount of the Class F Notes until it reaches the aggregate Invested Amount of the Class F Notes; and
- (h) next, the aggregate Stated Amount of the Class G Notes until it reaches the aggregate Invested Amount of the Class G Notes.

#### **5.14 Yield Reserve**

- (a) The Trust Manager must establish and maintain a sub-ledger to the Collection Account known as the “**Yield Reserve**” and record:
  - (i) all deposits to the Yield Reserve made in accordance with clause 5.9(q) (“Application of Total Available Income”) as a credit to the sub-ledger; and
  - (ii) all withdrawals from the Yield Reserve made in accordance with clause 5.14(b) as a debit to the sub-ledger.
- (b) Amounts may only be withdrawn from the Yield Reserve by the Trustee:
  - (iii) on a Payment Date for the purpose of making a Yield Reserve Draw in accordance with clause 5.7 (“Yield Reserve Draw”); or
  - (iv) in accordance with clause 5.15 (“Distribution of Yield Reserve”).

#### **5.15 Distribution of Yield Reserve**

- (a) On the first Determination Date following the date on which the Class A1-S Notes, Class A1-L Notes, Class A2 Notes, Class B Notes and Class C Notes have been redeemed in full, provided that such Determination Date is prior to the occurrence of an Event of Default and enforcement of the General Security Deed, the Trust Manager must direct the Trustee to withdraw the entire Yield Reserve Balance on the immediately following Payment Date and apply that amount as Total Available Income in accordance with clause 5.9 (“Application of Total Available Income”).
- (b) Following an Event of Default and enforcement of the General Security Deed, the Yield Reserve Balance will be treated as Collateral available for distribution in accordance with clause 5.17 (“Application of proceeds following an Event of Default”).

#### **5.16 Amortisation Ledger**

The Trust Manager must maintain a ledger account (“**Amortisation Ledger**”) which will record on each Payment Date:

- (a) as a credit to the Amortisation Ledger, any amount applied under clause 5.9(x) (“Application of Total Available Income”) on that Payment Date; and
- (b) as a debit to the Amortisation Ledger, any amount allocated to the Amortisation Ledger under clause 5.12(a) (“Allocation of Charge-Offs”) on that Payment Date.

#### **5.17 Application of proceeds following an Event of Default**

Following the occurrence of an Event of Default and enforcement of the General Security Deed, the Security Trustee must apply all moneys received by it in respect of the Collateral in the following order:

- (a) first, to any person with a prior ranking Encumbrance (of which the Security Trustee is aware) over the Collateral to the extent of the claim under that Encumbrance;
- (b) next, to any Receiver appointed in accordance with the Security Trust Deed, for its remuneration;
- (c) next, pari passu and rateably:
  - (i) to any Receiver appointed in accordance with the Security Trust Deed, for its Costs and fees (excluding any amounts paid in accordance with 5.17(b)) in connection with it acting as receiver in accordance with the Transaction Documents;
  - (ii) to the Security Trustee for its fees, Costs and other amounts (including all Secured Moneys) due to it for its own account in connection with its role as security trustee in relation to the Trust; and
  - (iii) to the Trustee for its fees, Costs and other amounts (including all Secured Moneys) due to it for its own account in connection with its role as trustee of and custodian for the Trust;
- (d) next, to pay pari passu and rateably:
  - (i) all Secured Money due to the Trust Manager;
  - (ii) all Secured Money due to the Servicer;
  - (iii) all Secured Money due to the Standby Servicer; and
  - (iv) all Secured Money due to the Standby Trust Manager;
- (e) next, to pay pari passu and rateably:
  - (i) all Secured Money due to the Liquidity Facility Provider; and
  - (ii) all Secured Money due to each Derivative Counterparty (if any) (excluding any break costs in respect of the termination of the relevant Derivative Contract (if any) to the extent that the Derivative Counterparty is the Defaulting Party or sole Affected Party);
- (f) next, to pay pari passu and rateably all Secured Money owing to the Class A1-S Noteholders in relation to the Class A1-S Notes, all Secured Money owing to the Class A1-L Noteholders in relation to the Class A1-L Notes and all Secured Money owing to the Redraw Noteholders in relation to the Redraw Notes. This will be applied:
  - (i) first, pari passu and rateably:
    - (A) towards all unpaid interest on the Class A1-S Notes;
    - (B) towards all unpaid interest on the Class A1-L Notes; and
    - (C) towards all unpaid interest on the Redraw Notes; and
  - (ii) next, pari passu and rateably:

- (A) to reduce the Invested Amount of the Class A1-S Notes to zero;
  - (B) to reduce the Invested Amount of the Class A1-L Notes to zero; and
  - (C) to reduce the Invested Amount of the Redraw Notes to zero;
- (g) next, all Secured Money owing to the Class A2 Noteholders in relation to the Class A2 Notes. This will be applied:
- (i) first, pari passu and rateably towards all unpaid interest on the Class A2 Notes; and
  - (ii) next, pari passu and rateably to reduce the Invested Amount of the Class A2 Notes to zero;
- (h) next, all Secured Money owing to the Class B Noteholders in relation to the Class B Notes. This will be applied:
- (i) first, pari passu and rateably towards all unpaid interest on the Class B Notes; and
  - (ii) next, pari passu and rateably to reduce the Invested Amount of the Class B Notes to zero;
- (i) next, all Secured Money owing to the Class C Noteholders in relation to the Class C Notes. This will be applied:
- (i) first, pari passu and rateably towards all unpaid interest on the Class C Notes; and
  - (ii) next, pari passu and rateably to reduce the Invested Amount of the Class C Notes to zero;
- (j) next, all Secured Money owing to the Class D Noteholders in relation to the Class D Notes. This will be applied:
- (i) first, pari passu and rateably towards all unpaid interest on the Class D Notes; and
  - (ii) next, pari passu and rateably to reduce the Invested Amount of the Class D Notes to zero;
- (k) next, all Secured Money owing to the Class E Noteholders in relation to the Class E Notes. This will be applied:
- (i) first, pari passu and rateably towards all unpaid interest on the Class E Notes; and
  - (ii) next, pari passu and rateably to reduce the Invested Amount of the Class E Notes to zero;
- (l) next, all Secured Money owing to the Class F Noteholders in relation to the Class F Notes. This will be applied:
- (i) first, pari passu and rateably towards all unpaid interest on the Class F Notes; and

- (ii) next, pari passu and rateably to reduce the Invested Amount of the Class F Notes to zero;
- (m) next, all Secured Money owing to each Derivative Counterparty (if any) under a Derivative Contract (if any) to the extent not paid under the preceding paragraphs;
- (n) next, all Secured Money owing to the Class G Noteholders in relation to the Class G Notes. This will be applied:
  - (i) first, pari passu and rateably towards all unpaid interest on the Class G Notes; and
  - (ii) next, pari passu and rateably to reduce the Invested Amount of the Class G Notes to zero;
- (o) next, to pay pari passu and rateably to each Secured Creditor any Secured Moneys owing to that Secured Creditor under any Transaction Document and not paid under the preceding paragraphs;
- (p) next, to pay any Taxes payable in relation to the Trust;
- (q) next, to any person with a subsequent ranking Encumbrance (of which the Security Trustee is aware) over the Collateral to the extent of the claim under that Encumbrance; and
- (r) next, to pay any surplus to the Trustee to be distributed in accordance with the terms of the Master Trust Deed.

#### **5.18 Excluded Amount**

The proceeds of any Collateral Support will not be treated as Collateral available for distribution in accordance with clause 5.17 (“Application of proceeds following an Event of Default”).

Following an Event of Default and enforcement of the General Security Deed, any such Collateral Support shall:

- (a) in the case of Collateral Support under the Liquidity Facility Agreement, be returned to the Liquidity Facility Provider except to the extent that the Liquidity Facility Agreement requires it to be applied to satisfy any obligation owed to the Trustee by the Liquidity Facility Provider; and
- (b) in the case of Collateral Support under a Derivative Contract (if any), subject to the operation of any netting provisions in the relevant Derivative Contract, be returned to the relevant Derivative Counterparty except to the extent that the relevant Derivative Contract requires it to be applied to satisfy any obligation owed to the Trustee by the Derivative Counterparty (if any).

#### **5.19 Proceeds of Disposal on a Call Option Date**

Despite any inconsistency with any other provision of this document, any proceeds received by the Trustee in connection with the disposal of all Purchased Receivables on a Call Option Date will be applied by the Trustee (at the direction of the Trust Manager), on that Call Option Date, in accordance with clause 5 (“Cashflow Allocation Methodology”) as if such proceeds constituted Collections received by the Trustee during the Collection Period ending immediately prior to that Call Option Date and all calculations shall be made in accordance with clause 5 (“Cashflow Allocation Methodology”) and this document shall be interpreted accordingly.



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## 6 Events of Default

Each of the following is an **Event of Default** in respect of the Trust:

- (a) **(non-payment)** the Trustee does not pay any amount payable by it in respect of the Senior Obligations on time and in the manner required under the Transaction Documents unless, in the case of a failure to pay on time, the Trustee pays the amount within 3 Business Days of the due date;
- (b) **(non-compliance with other obligations)** the Trustee:
  - (i) does not comply with any other obligation (other than any obligation to pay any amount payable by it) relating to the Trust under any Transaction Document where such non-compliance will have a Material Adverse Payment Effect; and
  - (ii) if the Trust Manager determines that the non-compliance can be remedied, does not remedy the non-compliance within 20 Business Days;
- (c) **(Insolvency)** the Trustee becomes Insolvent (unless the event which causes it to become Insolvent only affects assets or liabilities of the Trustee which do not relate to the Trust and the Trustee is replaced as trustee of the Trust within 60 days);
- (d) **(voidable Transaction Document)** a Transaction Document, or a transaction in connection with it, is or becomes (or is claimed to be) wholly or partly void, voidable or unenforceable or does not have (or is claimed not to have) the priority intended where such event will have a Material Adverse Payment Effect ("claimed" in this clause 6(d) means claimed by the Trustee or anyone on its behalf);
- (e) **(encumbrance)** the General Security Deed is not, or ceases to be, valid and enforceable, or the Encumbrance created by the General Security Deed ceases to have the priority that it had on the date of the General Security Deed, or any Encumbrance (other than a Permitted Encumbrance) is created or exists in respect of the Collateral for a period of more than 10 Business Days following the Trustee becoming aware of the creation or existence of such Encumbrance;
- (f) **(improperly established)** the:
  - (i) Trust is found, or conceded, to be improperly established; or
  - (ii) Trust is wound up, or the Trustee is required to wind up the Trust under the Master Trust Deed or applicable law, or the winding up of the Trust commences;
- (g) **(non-exercise of indemnity)** the Trustee is not entitled to fully exercise the right of indemnity conferred on it under the Master Trust Deed against the Trust Assets to satisfy any liability to a Secured Creditor and the circumstances are not rectified to the reasonable satisfaction of the Security Trustee within 30 days of the Security Trustee requiring the Trustee in writing to rectify them, where such event will have a Material Adverse Payment Effect;
- (h) **(enforcement against Secured Property)** distress is levied or a judgment, order or Encumbrance is enforced over the Secured Property; or

- (i) **(replacement of Trustee)** the Trustee is required to retire as trustee of the Trust in accordance with clause 19.1 (“Mandatory retirement”) of the Master Trust Deed and another person is not appointed as trustee of the Trust within 60 days of the occurrence of that event.

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## **7 Determinations and directions by Trust Manager**

### **7.1 Determinations**

On each Determination Date, the Trust Manager must (and where applicable, in respect of the Collection Period ending immediately prior to that Determination Date) determine or otherwise ascertain:

- (a) the Income Collections;
- (b) the Other Income;
- (c) the Available Income;
- (d) the Total Available Income;
- (e) the Total Available Principal;
- (f) the Principal Draw (if any);
- (g) the Liquidity Draw (if any);
- (h) the balance of the Extraordinary Expense Reserve;
- (i) the Extraordinary Expense Reserve Draw;
- (j) the Trust Expenses;
- (k) the Required Payments (and each amount comprising the Required Payments);
- (l) the Charge-Offs (if any);
- (m) the Carryover Charge-Offs (if any);
- (n) the balance of the Amortisation Ledger;
- (o) the Yield Reserve Draw (if any);
- (p) the Amortisation Amount (if any);
- (q) the Enforcement Expenses (if any);
- (r) the Threshold Rate;
- (s) the Threshold Rate Subsidy (if any);
- (t) the Tax Shortfall (if any);
- (u) the Tax Amount (if any); and
- (v) any other relevant determinations.

## 7.2 Directions

The Trust Manager must:

- (a) notify the Trustee of each of the amounts calculated by it under clause 7.1 (“Determinations”); and
- (b) instruct the Trustee as to the payments to be made by the Trustee on the relevant Payment Date in accordance with clause 5 (“Cashflow Allocation Methodology”).

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## 8 Redraws and Further Advances

### 8.1 Further Advances

The Trust Manager must not (and must not direct the Servicer to) consent to a request by an Obligor for a Further Advance in respect of a Purchased Receivable for so long as it remains a Trust Asset.

### 8.2 Consent to Redraws by Servicer

The Servicer must not consent to a request by an Obligor for a Redraw unless the Trust Manager has directed the Servicer to do so. The Trust Manager must not direct the Servicer to do so, for so long as the relevant Purchased Receivable remains a Trust Asset, unless the Trust Manager also directs the Trustee to fund the Redraw.

### 8.3 Direction to fund Redraws

The Trust Manager may only direct the Trustee to fund a Redraw if no Event of Default is subsisting and:

- (a) there are sufficient Principal Collections available to fund that Redraw in accordance with clause 5.1 (“Distributions during a Collection Period”); or
- (b) there are (or will be) sufficient funds following an issue of Redraw Notes in accordance with clause 3.4 (“Issue of Redraw Notes”) to fund that Redraw.

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## 9 Fixed Rate Purchased Receivables

### 9.1 Fixing interest rates

- (a) Subject to clause 9.1(b) and clause 9.2 (“Derivative Contracts”), the Servicer may fix the interest rate payable on a Purchased Receivable from time to time.
- (b) The Servicer may not fix the interest rate payable on a Purchased Receivable after the Closing Date at a rate which would (after taking into account all scheduled amounts payable by, and to, the Trustee under any corresponding Derivative Contract on the Payment Date referable to that Interest Period) result in the Trustee receiving an effective interest rate under the Purchased Receivable of less than the aggregate of:
  - (i) the BBSW Rate for the then current Interest Period; plus
  - (ii) 3.25% per annum.

- (c) The Servicer must notify the Trust Manager prior to fixing the interest rate payable on a Purchased Receivable. The Servicer must not fix the interest rate payable on a Purchased Receivable if directed not to do so by the Trust Manager.

## **9.2 Derivative Contracts**

Following receipt of notice from the Servicer under clause 9.1(c) (“Fixing interest rates”) in respect of a Purchased Receivable, the Trust Manager must in respect of that Purchased Receivable (unless the Trust Manager directs the Servicer not to fix the interest rate payable on that Purchased Receivable):

- (a) procure the Trustee and a Derivative Counterparty to enter into an appropriate and corresponding Derivative Contract in respect of that Purchased Receivable (if there is no Derivative Contract already in force in respect of that Purchased Receivable); or
- (b) procure the Trustee to dispose of that Purchased Receivable including by way of Reallocation),

in each case within 5 Business Days of receipt of such notice.

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# **10 Sale of Purchased Receivables**

## **10.1 Sale of Purchased Receivables**

Subject to clause 10.2 (“Conditions to sale of Purchased Receivables”), the Trustee must from time to time, if so directed by the Trust Manager, sell its right, title and interest in and to a Purchased Receivable (including by way of Reallocation) for an amount at least equal to the then Outstanding Balance of such Purchased Receivable.

## **10.2 Conditions to sale of Purchased Receivables**

The Trust Manager must not give a direction to the Trustee to sell a Purchased Receivable under clause 10.1 (“Sale of Purchased Receivables”) unless:

- (a) the proceeds of the sale together with any Collections held by the Trustee are sufficient to redeem all outstanding Notes in full on a Call Option Date and pay all other Secured Creditors in full and will be used for that purpose; or
- (b) the sale is in respect of a Purchased Receivable for which the relevant Obligor has requested that a Further Advance be provided in respect of that Purchased Receivable and the Servicer has notified the Trust Manager that it proposes to consent to the making of such Further Advance; or
- (c) the sale is in respect of a Purchased Receivable for which the relevant Obligor has requested that a Redraw be provided in respect of that Purchased Receivable and:
  - (i) the Servicer has notified the Trust Manager that it proposes to consent to the making of such Redraw; and
  - (ii) the Trust Manager has formed the view that it is not entitled to direct the Trustee to fund that Redraw in accordance with clause 8.3 (“Direction to fund Redraws”); or

- (d) the sale is in accordance with clause 9.2(b) ("Derivative Contracts").

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## 11 Representations and warranties

### 11.1 Receivable representations and warranties

The Originator represents and warrants to the Trustee that the matters set out below in respect of each of the Purchased Receivables and Purchased Related Securities referred to in the relevant Reallocation Notice are true and correct on the Closing Date:

- (a) each Purchased Receivable is an Eligible Receivable;
- (b) the Originator has acted in good faith in connection with the selection and offer to the Trustee of each Purchased Receivable and Purchased Related Security;
- (c) each Purchased Receivable and Purchased Related Security is transferable in accordance with the Master Sale and Purchase Deed or the Master Trust Deed (as applicable) and will not constitute a breach of the Receivable Terms of any such Purchased Receivable and Purchased Related Security. All consents required in relation to the transfer of the Purchased Receivables and Purchased Related Securities free from Encumbrance to the Trustee have been obtained;
- (d) the Disposing Trustee is, and the Trustee will be (immediately following acquisition of the Purchased Receivables in accordance with the relevant Reallocation Notice and the Master Trust Deed or the Master Sale and Purchase Deed (as applicable)), the sole legal and beneficial owner of the relevant Purchased Receivables and Purchased Related Security free of any Encumbrance other than a Permitted Encumbrance;
- (e) the transfer of the Purchased Receivables and Purchased Related Security in accordance with the relevant Reallocation Notice and the Master Trust Deed or the Master Sale and Purchase Deed (as applicable) will not be held by a court to be an undervalue transfer, a fraudulent conveyance, or a voidable preference under any law relating to insolvency;
- (f) immediately following the transfer of the Purchased Receivables and Purchased Related Security to the Trustee in accordance with the relevant Reallocation Notice and the Master Trust Deed or the Master Sale and Purchase Deed (as applicable), no such Purchased Receivable or Purchased Related Security will be subject to any right of rescission, set-off, counterclaim or similar defence; and
- (g) following the transfer of the Purchased Receivables and Purchased Related Securities to the Trustee in accordance with the relevant Reallocation Notice and the Master Trust Deed or the Master Sale and Purchase Deed (as applicable), the Trustee will have no obligation to pay, or reimburse any party for, any fees or commissions payable to any introducer, originator or broker in relation to those Purchased Receivables and Purchased Related Securities.

### 11.2 Breach of representation

- (a) If the Servicer, the Originator, the Trust Manager or the Trustee becomes aware that any representation or warranty given under clause 11.1 ("Receivable representations and warranties") in respect of a Purchased Receivable is incorrect when made, it must give notice

(providing all relevant details) to the others within 10 Business Days of becoming aware.

- (b) If:
- (i) any representation or warranty given under clause 11.1 ("Receivable representations and warranties") in respect of a Purchased Receivable is incorrect when made; and
  - (ii) the Originator does not remedy the breach to the satisfaction of the Trustee within 10 Business Days of giving or receiving notice in respect of that Purchased Receivable under clause 11.2(a) ("Breach of representation") (or any longer period that the Trustee permits),

the Originator must, on demand from the Trustee, pay damages to the Trustee for any direct loss suffered by the Trustee as a result. The maximum amount which the Originator is liable to pay is the Outstanding Balance in respect of the Purchased Receivable at the time of payment of the damages.

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## 12 Termination Events

### 12.1 Servicer Termination Events

A "**Servicer Termination Event**" occurs in respect of the Trust if:

- (a) **(non-payment)** (without limiting clause 12.1(b)) the Servicer does not pay any amount payable by it under any Transaction Document on time and in the manner required under the relevant Transaction Document unless, in the case of a failure to pay on time, the Servicer pays the amount within 3 Business Days of the due date;
- (b) **(Collections)** the Servicer does not remit Collections in respect of the Acquired Assets on time and in the manner required under clause 3.1(e) ("Duties") of the Servicing Deed, unless such failure is remedied within 3 Business Days of the Servicer becoming aware of the breach;
- (c) **(non-compliance with other obligations)** the Servicer:
  - (i) does not comply with any of its other obligations under the Transaction Documents and such non-compliance has a Material Adverse Payment Effect; and
  - (ii) if the non-compliance can be remedied, does not remedy the non-compliance within 20 Business Days of the Servicer becoming aware of the non-compliance (or such longer period as may be agreed between the Servicer and the Trustee);
- (d) **(incorrect representation)** any representation or warranty made by the Servicer in connection with the Transaction Documents is incorrect or misleading in a material respect when made, unless such failure is remedied to the satisfaction of the Trustee within 20 Business Days of the Servicer becoming aware of such failure (or such longer period as may be agreed between the Servicer and the Trustee); or
- (e) **(Insolvency)** the Servicer becomes Insolvent.

## 12.2 Trust Manager Termination Events

A “**Trust Manager Termination Event**” occurs in respect of the Trust if:

- (a) **(non-payment)** the Trust Manager fails to comply with any of its obligations under the Transaction Documents to direct the Trustee to make a payment when due by the Trustee in accordance with the Transaction Documents, unless such failure is remedied within 3 Business Days of the Trust Manager becoming aware of the breach;
- (b) **(non-compliance with other obligations)** the Trust Manager:
  - (i) does not comply with any of its other obligations under the Transaction Documents and such non-compliance has a Material Adverse Payment Effect; and
  - (ii) if the non-compliance can be remedied, the Trust Manager does not remedy the non-compliance within 20 Business Days of the Trust Manager becoming aware of the non-compliance (or such longer period as may be agreed between the Trust Manager and the Trustee);
- (c) **(breach of representation)** any representation or warranty made by the Trust Manager in connection with the Transaction Documents is incorrect or misleading in a material respect when made, unless (if such failure is capable of remedy) such failure is remedied to the satisfaction of the Trustee within 20 Business Days of the Trust Manager becoming aware of such failure (or such longer period as may be agreed between the Trust Manager and the Trustee); or
- (d) **(Insolvency)** the Trust Manager becomes Insolvent.

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## 13 Amendments to Servicing Deed

### 13.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the Trust:

- (a) in the definition of “Licensee” in clause 1.2 (“Definitions”) of the Servicing Deed, the words “, or a credit representative authorised under,” are inserted after the word “holder of”; and
- (b) the definition of “Servicing Guidelines” in clause 1.2 (“Definitions”) of the Servicing Deed is replaced by the following new definition:

“**Servicing Guidelines** has the meaning given to the term Manual of Procedures (as defined in the Issue Supplement for that Trust).”

### 13.2 Duties - Collections

For the purposes of the Trust and clause 3.1(e) of the Servicing Deed, the Servicer must:

- (a) subject to paragraph (b), remit all Collections received by it in respect of the Purchased Receivables to the Collection Account within 2 Business Days of receipt of such Collections; and
- (b) procure that all direct debit Collections in respect of the Purchased Receivables are paid directly to the Collection Account.

### 13.3 Exoneration

For the purposes of the Trust:

- (a) paragraph (a) of clause 3.3 (“Exoneration”) of the Servicing Deed is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following clause:
  - “(a) because any person other than the Servicer or its Related Entities does not comply with its obligations under the Transaction Documents of a Trust; or”
- (b) paragraph (c) of clause 3.3 (“Exoneration”) of the Servicing Deed is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following clause:
  - “(c) for the financial condition of any person other than the Servicer or any of its Related Entities; or”
- (c) paragraph (d) of clause 3.3 (“Exoneration”) of the Servicing Deed is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following clause:
  - “(d) because any statement, representation or warranty of any person other than the Servicer or any of its Related Entities in a Transaction Document of a Trust is incorrect or misleading; or”
- (d) paragraph (e) of clauses 3.3 (“Exoneration”) of the Servicing Deed is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following clause:
  - “(e) for the effectiveness, genuineness, validity, enforceability, admissibility in evidence or sufficiency of the Transaction Documents of a Trust or any document signed or delivered in connection with the Transaction Documents (except to the extent such liability arises directly as a result of an act or omission of the Servicer or any of its Related Entities and provided that this paragraph (e) does not limit any representation or warranty given by the Servicer in any Transaction Document of a Trust as to the validity or enforceability of the Servicer’s obligations under the Transaction Documents of a Trust); or”.

### 13.4 Costs

For the purposes of the Trust, paragraph (b) of clause 9.1 (“What the Trustee agrees to pay”) of the Servicing Deed is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following clause:

- “(b) Taxes (other than any Excluded Taxes) and fees (including registration fees) and fines and penalties in respect of fees paid, or that the Servicer reasonably believes are payable, in connection with any Transaction Document of that Trust or a payment or receipt or any other transaction contemplated by any Transaction Document of that Trust. However, the Trustee need not pay a fine or penalty in connection with Taxes or fees to the extent that it has placed the Servicer in sufficient cleared funds for the Servicer to be able to pay the Taxes or fees by the due date.”

### 13.5 Payments

For the purposes of the Trust, paragraph (d) of clause 10 (“Payments”) of the Servicing Deed is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following clause

- “(d) in full without set-off or counterclaim, and without any withholding or deduction in respect of Taxes unless such withholding or deduction is



made under or in connection with or to ensure compliance with, FATCA or is required by law.”

### **13.6 Servicer Termination Events**

For the purposes of the Trust:

- (a) the Servicer Termination Events specified in clause 11.1(a) ("Servicer Termination Event") of the Servicing Deed are replaced by the Servicer Termination Events specified in clause 12.1 ("Servicer Termination Events"); and
- (b) in clause 11.1(b) ("Servicer Termination Event") of the Servicing Deed, the words "provided that (in the case of a Rated Trust) notification has been provided to each Designated Rating Agency of that Trust" are deleted and replaced with the words "provided that (in the case of a Rated Trust) a Rating Notification has been provided in respect of the waiver".

### **13.7 Removal by Trustee**

For the purposes of the Trust, clause 11.2 ("Removal by Trustee") of the Servicing Deed is replaced by the following clause:

#### **"11.2 Removal by Trustee**

The Trustee may remove the Servicer as servicer of a Trust:

- (a) immediately upon notice to the Servicer, provided that the Standby Servicing Deed has not terminated and the Standby Servicer remains appointed as the standby servicer in accordance with the Standby Servicing Deed; or
- (b) if paragraph (a) does not apply, by giving notice 90 days' notice to the Servicer.

However, the Trustee may only give notice under paragraph (a) or (b) if at the time it gives the notice:

- (c) a Servicer Termination Event is continuing in respect of that Trust; and
- (d) if that Trust is a Rated Trust, each Designated Rating Agency of that Trust has been notified of the proposed removal of the Servicer."

### **13.8 Standby Servicer**

For the purposes of the Trust, if the Servicer retires or is removed as servicer of the Trust, the Standby Servicer will be taken to have been appointed as the successor servicer of the Trust pursuant to clause 11.5 ("When retirement takes effect") of the Servicing Deed, provided that the Standby Servicing Deed has not terminated and the Standby Servicer remains appointed as the standby servicer in accordance with the Standby Servicing Deed at the time the retirement or removal of the Servicer is to take effect.

### **13.9 Costs of retirement or removal – Servicer**

For the purposes of the Trust, clause 11.7 ("Costs of retirement or removal") of the Servicing Deed is replaced by the following clause:

### **“11.7 Costs of retirement or removal**

If the Servicer is removed or retires under this clause 11 (“Change of Servicer”), everything it is required to do under this clause 11 (“Change of Servicer”) is at the Servicer’s own expense.”

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## **14 Amendments to Management Deed**

### **14.1 Directions**

For the purposes of the Trust, the following sentence is included immediately below paragraph (e) of clause 3.1 (“Trust Manager must give directions”) of the Management Deed:

“For avoidance of doubt, this includes directions as to the operation of bank accounts which receive amounts in respect of the Trust and the application, in accordance with the Transaction Documents, of any Collections which may be received by the Trustee from the Servicer or any Obligor.”

### **14.1 Trust Manager Termination Events**

For the purposes of the Trust:

- (a) the Trust Manager Termination Events specified in clause 7.1(a) (“Trust Manager Termination Event”) of the Management Deed are replaced by the Trust Manager Termination Events specified in clause 12.2 (“Trust Manager Termination Events”); and
- (b) in clause 7.1(b) (“Trust Manager Termination Event”) of the Management Deed, the words “provided that (in the case of a Rated Trust) notification has been provided to each Designated Rating Agency of that Trust” are deleted and replaced with the words “provided that (in the case of a Rated Trust) a Rating Notification has been provided in respect of the waiver”.

### **14.2 Removal by Trustee**

For the purposes of the Trust, clause 7.2 (“Removal by Trustee”) of the Management Deed is replaced by the following clause:

#### **“7.2 Removal by Trustee**

The Trustee may remove the Trust Manager as trust manager of a Trust:

- (a) immediately upon notice to the Trust Manager, provided that the Standby Management Deed has not terminated and the Standby Trust Manager remains appointed as the standby trust manager in accordance with the Standby Management Deed; or
- (b) if paragraph (a) does not apply, by giving 90 days’ notice to the Trust Manager.

However, the Trustee may only give notice under paragraph (a) or (b) if at the time it gives the notice:

- (c) a Trust Manager Termination Event is continuing in respect of that Trust; and

- (d) if that Trust is a Rated Trust, each Designated Rating Agency of that Trust has been notified of the proposed removal of the Trust Manager.”

### **14.3 Standby Trust Manager**

For the purposes of the Trust, if the Trust Manager retires or is removed as trust manager of the Trust, the Standby Trust Manager will be taken to have been appointed as the successor trust manager of the Trust pursuant to clause 7.5 (“When retirement or removal takes effect”) and clause 7.6 (“Appointment of successor trust manager”) of the Management Deed, provided that the Standby Management Deed has not terminated and the Standby Trust Manager remains appointed as the standby trust manager in accordance with the Standby Management Deed at the time the retirement or removal of the Trust Manager is to take effect.

### **14.4 Costs of retirement or removal**

For the purposes of the Trust, clause 7.8 (“Costs of retirement or removal”) of the Management Deed is replaced by the following clause:

#### **“7.8 Costs of retirement or removal**

If the Trust Manager is removed or retires under this clause 7 (“Change of Trust Manager”), everything it is required to do under this clause 7 (“Change of Trust Manager”) is at the Trust Manager’s own expense.”

### **14.5 Costs**

For the purposes of the Trust, paragraph (b) of clause 8.1 (“What the Trustee agrees to pay”) of the Management Deed is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following clause

- “(b) Taxes (other than any Excluded Taxes) and fees (including registration fees) and fines and penalties in respect of fees paid, or that the Trust Manager reasonably believes are payable, in connection with any Transaction Document of that Trust or a payment or receipt or any other transaction contemplated by any Transaction Document of that Trust. However, the Trustee need not pay a fine or penalty in connection with Taxes or fees to the extent that it has placed the Trust Manager in sufficient cleared funds for the Trust Manager to be able to pay the Taxes or fees by the due date.”

### **14.6 Payments**

For the purposes of the Trust, paragraph (d) of clause 9 (“Payments”) of the Management Deed is replaced by the following clause:

- “(d) in full without set-off or counterclaim, and without any withholding or deduction in respect of Taxes unless such withholding or deduction is made under or in connection with, or in order to ensure compliance with, FATCA or is required by law.”

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## 15 Amendments to Master Trust Deed

### 15.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the Trust, the definition of “Approved External Dispute Resolution Scheme” in clause 1.2 (“Definitions”) of the Master Trust Deed is replaced with the following:

“**Approved External Dispute Resolution Scheme** means the AFCA scheme (as defined in the NCCP Regulations).”

### 15.2 Mandatory retirement

For the purposes of the Trust, clause 19.1 (“Mandatory retirement”) of the Master Trust Deed is replaced by the following clause:

“The Trustee must retire as trustee of the Trust (unless the Trust Manager otherwise consents in writing) if a Trustee Termination Event occurs.

A “**Trustee Termination Event**” occurs in respect of the Trust if:

- (a) the Trustee becomes Insolvent; or
- (b) the Trustee is required by law to retire as trustee of the Trust; or
- (c) the Trustee ceases to carry on business as a professional trustee; or
- (d) the Trustee:
  - (i) does not comply with any of its material obligations under a Transaction Document (excluding its obligation to pay any amount payable by it under any Transaction Document of the Trust on time and in the manner required under the relevant Transaction Document, if the Trustee has insufficient funds available to it to pay such amounts); and
  - (ii) if the non-compliance can be remedied, does not remedy the non-compliance to the satisfaction of the Trust Manager within 10 Business Days of the Trustee receiving a notice from the Trust Manager or the Security Trustee requiring its remedy.”

### 15.3 Appointment of successor trustee

For the purposes of the Trust, clause 19.4 (“Appointment of successor trustee”) of the Master Trust Deed is amended by replacing “90 days” with “60 days”.

### 15.4 Limitation of Trustee’s liability

For the purposes of the Trust, clause 18.3(l) (“Limitation of Trustee’s liability”) of the Master Trust Deed only applies to the Trustee’s liability under the Transaction Documents to the extent the Trustee is not entitled to be indemnified in respect of such liability out of the Trust Assets of the Trust.

### 15.5 Income and distributions for each Trust

(a) For the purposes of the Trust, clause 20.1(c) (“Net Trust Income”) of the Master Trust Deed is replaced by the following clause:

“(c) If the Trust Manager does not make a determination under clause 20.1(b) prior to the end of a Financial Year, the Net Trust

Income will be equal to the amount paid to the Participation Unitholder as Participation Unitholder of the Trust for that Financial Year.”

- (b) For the purposes of the Trust, paragraph (a) of clause 20.7 (“Distribution to Participation Unitholder”) of the Master Trust Deed is replaced by the following clause:
  - “(a) Within three months of the end of a Financial Year of the Trust the Trust Manager must distribute to the Participation Unitholder of the Trust so much (if any) of the Participation Unitholder’s entitlement to the Net Trust Income of the Trust for that Financial Year that has not been distributed to the Participation Unitholder as Participation Unitholder of the Trust during the course of the Financial Year.”

## 15.6 Transfer of Collection Account

For the purposes of the Trust, clause 21.3 (“Transfer of Collection Account”) of the Master Trust Deed is replaced by the following clause:

### “21.3 Transfer of Collection Account

If the Bank at which the Collections Account or any additional account (as the case may be) for a Trust is held ceases to be an Eligible Bank, the Trust Manager must, upon becoming aware of the occurrence of that event, direct the Trustee to establish and the Trustee within 60 days but no earlier than 31 days establish a new Collections Account or any additional account (as the case may be) with an Eligible Bank and transfer the funds standing to the credit of the old Collections Account or any additional account (as the case may be) to the new Collections Account or any additional account (as the case may be).”

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## 16 Amendments to Security Trust Deed

### 16.1 Voting Secured Creditors

- (a) The “**Voting Secured Creditors**” in respect of the Trust are as defined in clause 1.2 (“Definitions”) of this document.
- (b) In accordance with clause 21.3 (“Variation by Issue Supplement”) of the Security Trust Deed, for the purposes of the Trust:
  - (i) subject to clause 16.1(b)(ii), the Voting Secured Creditors will be the only Secured Creditors entitled to:
    - (A) vote in respect of an Extraordinary Resolution (excluding any Extraordinary Resolution which is also a Special Quorum Resolution) or Ordinary Resolution of the Trust; or
    - (B) otherwise direct or give instructions or approvals to the Security Trustee in accordance with the Transaction Documents in respect of the Trust; and
  - (ii) if a Transaction Document expressly provides for the passing of an Extraordinary Resolution or Ordinary Resolution by a class of Secured Creditors only (but not all Secured Creditors), then nothing in this clause 16.1(b) shall restrict the Secured Creditors of that class from being entitled to vote in respect of that Extraordinary Resolution or Ordinary Resolution (or to pass such

Extraordinary Resolution or Ordinary Resolution by way of a Circulating Resolution);

- (iii) in connection with any meeting for the passing of an Extraordinary Resolution (excluding any Extraordinary Resolution which is also a Special Quorum Resolution) or Ordinary Resolution of the Trust, each reference to the “Secured Creditors” in:
  - (A) Schedule 2 of the Security Trust Deed; and
  - (B) the definition of “Circulating Resolution”, “Extraordinary Resolution”, “Meetings Provisions”, “Notification Date”, “Ordinary Resolution”, “Proxy” and “Proxy Form” in clause 1.1 (“Definitions”) of the Security Trust Deed,will be taken to be a reference to the “Voting Secured Creditors” or (in the case of a resolution of the type referred to in clause 16.1(b)(ii)) the Secured Creditors of the relevant Class (as the case may be);
- (iv) in accordance with paragraph 10.1 of the Meetings Provisions, any such Extraordinary Resolution or Ordinary Resolution is binding on all Secured Creditors (in the case of a meeting of the Voting Secured Creditors) or (in the case of a resolution of the type referred to clause 16.1(b)(ii)) the Secured Creditors of the relevant Class (as the case may be); and
- (v) despite clause 4 (“Security Trustee’s duties to Secured Creditors”) of the Security Trust Deed, if at any time there is a conflict between a duty the Security Trustee owes to a Secured Creditor, or class of Secured Creditor, of the Trust and a duty the Security Trustee owes to another Secured Creditor, or class of Secured Creditor, of the Trust, the Security Trustee must give priority to the duties owing to the Voting Secured Creditors (for so long as any Notes are outstanding).

Nothing in this paragraph (b) affects the rights of the Secured Creditors to vote in respect of the passing of a Special Quorum Resolution in accordance with the Security Trust Deed.

## 16.2 Definitions

For the purposes of the Trust:

- (a) the definition of “Acquired Asset” in clause 1.1 (“Definitions”) of the Security Trust Deed is replaced by the following new definition:

“**Acquired Assets** means the Purchased Receivables and the Purchased Related Securities (as each of those terms is defined in the Issue Supplement for that Trust).”;
- (b) the following definitions are inserted immediately after the definition of “Extraordinary Resolution” in clause 1.1 (“Definitions”) of the Security Trust Deed:

“**FATCA** means:

  - (a) sections 1471 through to 1474 of the United States of America Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and any regulations or official

interpretations issued with respect thereof and any amended or successor provisions;

- (b) any treaty, law, regulation, or other official guidance enacted in any other jurisdiction, or relating to an intergovernmental agreement between the United States of America and any other jurisdiction, which (in either case) facilitates the implementation of paragraph (a) above; or
- (c) any agreement under the implementation of paragraphs (a) or (b) above, with the United States of America Internal Revenue Service, the United States of America government or any government or governmental or taxation authority in any other jurisdiction.

**FATCA Withholding Tax** means a withholding or deduction arising under or in connection with, or to ensure compliance with, FATCA.”

- (c) the following definition is inserted immediately after the definition of “Event of Default” in clause 1.1 (“Definitions”) of the Security Trust Deed:

**“Excluded Tax** means in relation to a person:

- (a) any FATCA Withholding Tax; or
- (b) any Taxes:
  - (i) imposed by any jurisdiction on the net income or profits of the person but not any Tax calculated on or by reference to the gross amount of any payment (without allowance for any deduction) derived by the person under any Transaction Document or any other document referred to in any Transaction Document; or
  - (ii) imposed, or required to be withheld in respect of any payment to that person, by reason of the person being either:
    - (A) a non-resident of Australia who does not participate in the transaction at or through a permanent establishment in Australia; or
    - (B) a resident of Australia who participates in the transaction through a permanent establishment outside of Australia; or
  - (iii) which would not be required to be deducted or withheld by the payer if the person had provided the payer with any of its name, address, Australian business number (ABN), Australian tax file number, registration number or similar details or evidence of any relevant tax exemption or similar details; or
  - (iv) in a case where the payer receives a notice or direction under section 260-5 of Schedule 1 to the *Taxation Administration Act 1953* (Cth), section 255 of the Tax Act or any analogous provisions, any amounts paid or deducted from sums payable to the person by the payer in compliance with such notice or direction.”;

- (d) the definition of “Material Adverse Effect” in clause 1.1 (“Definitions”) of the Security Trust Deed is replaced by the following new definition:

“**Material Adverse Effect** has the meaning given to the term Material Adverse Payment Effect (as defined in the Issue Supplement for the Trust).”;

- (e) the following new definition is added to clause 1.1 (“Definitions”) of the Security Trust Deed:

“**Servicer**, in respect of a Trust, means the person so described in the Issue Supplement for that Trust.”;

- (f) the following definition is added to clause 1.1 (“Definitions”) of the Security Trust Deed:

“**Servicer Termination Event** in respect of a Trust has the meaning given to that term in the Issue Supplement for that Trust.”;

- (g) the following definition is added to clause 1.1 (“Definitions”) of the Security Trust Deed:

“**Standby Management Deed** in respect of a Trust has the meaning given to that term in the Issue Supplement for that Trust.”;

- (h) the following definition is added to clause 1.1 (“Definitions”) of the Security Trust Deed:

“**Standby Servicer** in respect of a Trust, has the meaning given to that term in the Issue Supplement for that Trust.”;

- (i) the following definition is added to clause 1.1 (“Definitions”) of the Security Trust Deed:

“**Standby Servicing Deed** in respect of a Trust has the meaning given to that term in the Issue Supplement for that Trust.”; and

- (j) the following definition is added to clause 1.1 (“Definitions”) of the Security Trust Deed:

“**Standby Trust Manager** in respect of a Trust, the meaning given to that term in the Issue Supplement for that Trust.”

- (k) the definition of “Taxes” in clause 1.1 (“Definitions”) of the Security Trust Deed is replaced by the following new definition:

“**Taxes** means taxes, levies, imposts, charges and duties (including stamp and transaction duties) imposed by any authority together with any related interest, penalties, fines and expenses in connection with them.”.

### 16.3 Manner of payment

For the purposes of the Trust, paragraph (d) of clause 15.1 (“Manner of payment”) of the Security Trust Deed is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following clause:

- “(d) in full without set-off or counterclaim, and without any withholding or deduction in respect of Taxes unless such withholding or deduction is made under or in connection with, or in order to ensure compliance with, FATCA or is required by law; and”



## 16.4 Fees and Expenses

For the purposes of the Trust, paragraph (c) of clause 16.1 (“What the Trustee agrees to pay”) of the Security Trust Deed is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following clause:

- “(c) Taxes (other than any Excluded Taxes) and fees (including registration fees) and fines and penalties in respect of fees paid, or that the Security Trustee reasonably believes are payable, in connection with any Transaction Document or a payment or receipt or any other transaction contemplated by any Transaction Document. However, the Trustee need not pay a fine or penalty in connection with Taxes or fees to the extent that it has placed the Security Trustee in sufficient cleared funds for the Security Trustee to be able to pay the Taxes or fees by the due date.”

## 16.5 Use and disclosure of Personal Information

For the purposes of the Trust, paragraph (b) of clause 20.3 (“Use and disclosure of Personal Information”) of the Security Trust Deed is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following clause:

- “(b) not to disclose any Personal Information it receives except:
- (i) in connection with exercising its rights or complying with its obligations under the Transaction Documents; or
  - (ii) as required or authorised by law; or
  - (iii) (if the Recipient is Westpac Banking Corporation) in accordance with the Recipient’s privacy policy as it relates to outsourcing arrangements including through contractors and sub-contractors, provided that such disclosure is made in accordance with all applicable laws.”

## 16.6 Confidentiality

For the purposes of the Trust, paragraph (b) of clause 26.20 (“Confidentiality”) of the Security Trust Deed is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following clause:

- “(b) to officers, employees, agents, contractors, sub-contractors, legal and other advisers of that party and auditors of the Trustee, the Security Trustee or a Receiver; or”

## 16.7 Meetings Provisions

For the purposes of the Trust:

- (a) paragraph 4.1 of Schedule 2 (“Meetings Provisions”) of the Security Trust Deed is amended by replacing “50% with “67%” in the row of the table headed “Extraordinary Resolution”; and
- (b) paragraph 6.5(b) of Schedule 2 (“Meetings Provisions”) of the Security Trust Deed is amended by inserting “which relates to Senior Obligations” after “Secured Money”.

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## 17 Custodian

### 17.1 Custody

The Trustee will act as custodian of the Title Documents in respect of the Purchased Receivables as described in this clause 17 (“Custodian”).

### 17.2 Delivery of Title Documents

On the Closing Date, the Originator agrees to deliver to the Trustee, the Title Documents in respect of the Purchased Receivables which are in its possession or control.

### 17.3 Standard

The Trustee must, in respect of each Title Document in respect of a Purchased Receivable that it may hold from time to time:

- (a) hold each such Title Document as custodian under this document, in electronic form or otherwise;
- (b) ensure that each such Title Document is capable of identification and is kept in a secure environment and in the same manner and to the same extent as it holds equivalent documents as trustee; and
- (c) maintain a record of physical storage of such Title Document which is held by it in physical form.

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## 18 Benchmark Amendments

### 18.1 Benchmark Amendments

- (a) If, at any time, a Permanent Discontinuation Trigger occurs with respect to the Applicable Benchmark Rate that applies to the Notes at that time (a “**Benchmark Event**”), and the Trust Manager determines that amendments to any Transaction Document are necessary to give effect to the application of the applicable Fallback Rate as contemplated by Condition 6.10 (“Permanent Discontinuation Fallback”) of the Conditions (“**Benchmark Amendments**”), the parties to the relevant Transaction Documents may make such Benchmark Amendments as may be necessary to give effect to the application of the applicable Fallback Rate without the requirement of any approval from the Secured Creditors, provided that such Benchmark Amendments may only take effect on or after the Permanent Fallback Effective Date in respect of the Permanent Discontinuation Trigger for the Applicable Benchmark Rate. In relation to making any Benchmark Amendments, the Trustee will act at the direction of the Trust Manager and the Security Trustee will agree to any Benchmark Amendments agreed to by the Trustee.
- (b) None of the Trust Manager, the Trustee or the Security Trustee or any other party to the Transaction Documents have any liability to any Noteholder for either any determination of any Fallback Rate or the execution or application of any Benchmark Amendments made in accordance with this clause 18.1.

### 18.2 Inconsistency

Clause 18.1 (“Benchmark Amendments”) applies despite anything in the Security Trust Deed to the contrary.

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## 19 Personal Property Securities Act

### 19.1 PPSA further steps

If the Trust Manager determines that:

- (a) a Transaction Document (or a transaction in connection with it, including the assignment of any Purchased Receivables and Purchased Related Securities, but excluding any Purchased Receivables or Purchased Related Securities) is or contains a security interest for the purposes of the PPSA; and
- (b) failure to perfect that security interest may materially adversely affect all or any class of Secured Creditors,

each of the Trustee, the Security Trustee, the Originator and the Servicer agrees to do anything (such as depositing documents relating to the property secured by the security interest, obtaining consents, signing and producing documents, getting documents completed and signed and supplying information) which the Trust Manager asks and reasonably considers necessary for the purposes of:

- (i) ensuring that the security interest is enforceable, perfected (including, where possible, by control in addition to registration) and otherwise effective; or
- (ii) enabling the relevant secured party to apply for any registration, give any notification, or take any other step, in connection with the security interest so that the security interest has the highest ranking priority reasonably possible; or
- (iii) enabling the relevant secured party to exercise rights in connection with the security interest.

### 19.2 Trustee and Security Trustee obligations

- (a) Each of the Trustee and the Security Trustee agrees to comply with any reasonable directions given to it by the Trust Manager under this clause 19 (“Personal Property Securities Act”), on the condition that:
  - (i) the directions contain sufficient detail as to the action required of the Trustee or Security Trustee (or both of them);
  - (ii) if the directions are not sufficiently detailed to enable the Trustee or Security Trustee (as applicable) to comply, the Trustee or Security Trustee (as applicable) is not required to take any action other than to inform the Trust Manager that this is the case and specify the reason the Trustee or the Security Trustee (as applicable) is unable to comply; and
  - (iii) in the absence of any such directions, the Trustee or Security Trustee (as applicable) is not required to take any action with respect to the PPSA.
- (b) Neither the Trustee nor the Security Trustee is responsible or liable to any person for any loss arising in relation to the Trust or the Security Trust in connection with the registration, perfection or priority of any security interest in relation to the Transaction Documents (or any transaction in connection with a Transaction Document) under the PPSA or for acting on any directions or requests given to it under this clause 19 (“Personal Property Securities Act”) except to the extent that such loss is as a result of:

- (i) the Trustee's or Security Trustee's fraud or negligence; or
- (ii) a breach by the Trustee or the Security Trustee of its obligations under this clause 19 ("Personal Property Securities Act") is caused by fraud, negligence or wilful misconduct of the Trustee or the Security Trustee (as applicable).

### **19.3 PPSA terms**

Unless the contrary intention appears, in this clause 19, a reference to a term defined in the PPSA has the meaning it has in the PPSA unless the contrary intention appears.

### **19.4 No PPSA notice required unless mandatory**

A secured party in respect of a security interest referred to in this clause need not give the relevant grantor any notice under the PPSA (including a notice of a verification statement) (and for the avoidance of doubt, the grantor waives any requirement to give any such notice) unless the notice is required by the PPSA and cannot be excluded.

### **19.5 Information under Part 8.4 of PPSA**

If the Trustee or Security Trustee is required to provide any information as a secured party under Part 8.4 of the PPSA, the Trust Manager agrees, to the extent that such information is in its possession or control:

- (a) to provide, or procure the provision of, such information to the Security Trustee or Trustee (as the case may be) within 5 Business Days of a request from that party; and
- (b) to indemnify the Security Trustee or the Trustee (as the case may be) against any liability or Costs incurred or loss suffered by the Security Trustee or Trustee (as the case may be) as a result of a breach by the Trust Manager of its obligations under paragraph (a).

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## **20 Trustee to act in interests of Noteholders**

The Trustee agrees to act in the interests of the Noteholders on the terms and conditions of the Transaction Documents.

If there is a conflict between the interests of:

- (a) the Unitholders in the Trust (on the one hand) and the Noteholders of the Trust (on the other), subject to the other Transaction Documents, the Trustee is empowered to, and must, act in the interests of the Noteholders; and
- (b) one Class of Noteholders in relation to the Trust and another Class of Noteholders of the Trust, subject to the other Transaction Documents relating to the Trust to which the Trustee is a party, the Trustee is empowered to, and must, act in the interests of the Class of Noteholders who are then the Voting Secured Creditors.

Nothing in this clause 20 creates a fiduciary relationship between the Trustee and the Noteholders.

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## 21 Tax consolidation and GST Grouping

### 21.1 Membership of Consolidated Group

- (a) If the Trust is (upon being established), or subsequently becomes, a member of a Consolidated Group, the Trust Manager must:
  - (i) before the due time of a Group Tax Liability of the Consolidated Group, procure that the head company and subsidiary members of such Consolidated Group enter into a Tax Sharing Agreement that is acceptable to the Trustee acting reasonably in the circumstances, and ensure that the Tax Sharing Agreement is and remains valid at all times; and
  - (ii) procure that the head company of the Consolidated Group shall provide evidence of such a Tax Sharing Agreement being in place:
    - (A) at the time the Trust becomes a member of the Consolidated Group; and
    - (B) on each occasion that there is any alteration, amendment or replacement of a Tax Sharing Agreement covering the Group Tax Liabilities of the Consolidated Group (other than where an entity joins or leaves the Consolidated Group).
- (b) If the head company of any Consolidated Group in respect of which the Trust becomes a subsidiary member does not at the time the Trust becomes a member of the Consolidated Group, or at any subsequent time, provide evidence to the satisfaction of the Trustee (which may rely upon the advice of tax lawyers, among others) that the Group Tax Liabilities of the Consolidated Group are covered by a Tax Sharing Agreement, that apportions those Group Tax Liabilities on a basis that is acceptable to the Trustee (and the Trustee acknowledges that a nil allocation of the Group Tax Liabilities will be acceptable to it provided that such an allocation is reasonable) then the Trust Manager shall, as soon as is practicable, take steps to ensure that the Trustee is not exposed to joint and several liability to pay a Group Tax Liability, which may, but not necessarily, include directing the Trustee to take steps to ensure that the Trust ceases to be a member of that Consolidated Group.

### 21.2 Tax Account

In respect of any period during which the Trust is a member of a Consolidated Group, the Trust Manager must:

- (a) (if the Trust Manager determines that there will be a Tax Amount payable in the future by the Trustee in respect of the Trust) direct the Trustee in writing to open the Tax Account; and
- (b) on each Payment Date direct the Trustee in writing to set aside into the Tax Account the required Tax Amount and Tax Shortfall, as determined by the Trust Manager, from Total Available Income in accordance with clause 5.9(aa) ("Application of Total Available Income"). The Trust Manager must direct the Trustee to apply the funds in the Tax Account in paying any Tax when due and payable by the Trustee in respect of the Trust.

The Trustee is entitled to be indemnified out of the Trust Assets for any liability it incurs if the Commissioner of Taxation determines that the Trustee has a liability to pay any part of the Group Tax Liabilities of the Consolidated Group that are not able to be satisfied from the Tax Account.

### **21.3 Membership of GST Group**

The Trust Manager:

- (a) represents and warrants that the Trust has never formed part of a GST Group; and
- (b) agrees to ensure that the Trust does not become part of a GST Group unless the Trustee and the Trust enter into an Indirect Tax Sharing Agreement that is acceptable to the Trustee acting reasonably in the circumstances (and the Trustee acknowledges that a nil or nominal allocation to the Trust in relation to any amount payable under an "indirect tax law" (as defined in the Tax Act) on being added as a member of that GST Group will be acceptable to it provided that such an allocation is reasonable), and ensure that the Indirect Tax Sharing Agreement is and remains valid at all times.

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## **22 Fees**

### **22.1 Trust Manager's fee**

For the purposes of clause 6.1 ("Fees") of the Management Deed, the Trustee will pay the Trust Manager a fee monthly in arrears on each Payment Date in an amount and calculated in such manner as may be agreed between the Trustee and the Trust Manager from time to time. Any increase to that fee must not be agreed unless a Rating Notification has been provided in respect of the increase.

### **22.2 Servicer's fee**

For the purposes of clause 8.1 ("Fees") of the Servicing Deed, the Trustee will pay the Servicer a fee monthly in arrears on each Payment Date in an amount and calculated in such manner as may be agreed between the Trustee and the Servicer from time to time. Any increase to that fee must not be agreed unless a Rating Notification has been provided in respect of the increase.

### **22.3 Trustee's fee**

- (a) For the purposes of clause 22 ("Fees") of the Master Trust Deed, the Trustee will receive a fee monthly in arrears on each Payment Date in an amount and calculated in such manner as may be agreed between the Trustee and the Trust Manager from time to time. Any increase to that fee must not be agreed unless a Rating Notification has been provided in respect of the increase.
- (b) The Trustee will receive a fee monthly in arrears on each Payment Date in an amount and calculated in such manner as may be agreed between the Trustee and the Trust Manager from time to time in respect of custody services the Trustee provides to the Trust in accordance with clause 17 ("Custodian"). Any increase to that fee must not be agreed unless a Rating Notification has been provided in respect of the increase.

## **22.4 Security Trustee's fee**

For the purposes of clause 9 ("Fees") of the Security Trust Deed, the Trustee will pay the Security Trustee a fee monthly in arrears on each Payment Date in an amount and calculated in such manner as may be agreed between the Trustee, the Security Trustee and the Trust Manager from time to time. Any increase to that fee must not be agreed unless a Rating Notification has been provided in respect of the increase.

## **22.5 Standby Servicer's fee**

For the purposes of clause 8 ("Fees") of the Standby Servicing Deed, the Trustee will pay the Standby Servicer a fee monthly in arrears on each Payment Date in an amount and calculated in such manner as may be agreed between the Trustee, the Standby Servicer and the Trust Manager from time to time. Any increase to that fee must not be agreed unless a Rating Notification has been provided in respect of the increase.

## **22.6 Standby Trust Manager's fee**

For the purposes of clause 8 ("Fees") of the Standby Management Deed, the Trustee will pay the Standby Trust Manager a fee monthly in arrears on each Payment Date in an amount and calculated in such manner as may be agreed between the Trustee, the Standby Trust Manager and the Trust Manager from time to time. Any increase to that fee must not be agreed unless a Rating Notification has been provided in respect of the increase.

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## **23 Australian Financial Services Licence**

The Trust Manager may not:

- (a) arrange for the Trustee to apply for, vary or dispose of non-basic deposit products and non-cash payment products; or
- (b) provide financial product advice to the Trustee in relation to the application, acquisition, variation or disposal of non-basic deposit products and non-cash payment products.

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## **24 ASX Listing**

Notwithstanding any other provision of this document, in connection with the listing of any Notes on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX):

- (a) the Trustee authorises the Trust Manager:
  - (i) to apply, on behalf of the Trustee, to list any Class of Notes on the ASX;
  - (ii) to provide all information and documents as required by the ASX in connection with such application for listing; and
  - (iii) to execute, on behalf of the Trustee, the "ASX Online Agreement" or any other document required by the ASX in connection with an application for listing,

and to take any other action or do any other thing on behalf of the Trustee required by the ASX in connection with such application for listing;

- (b) the Trustee may, if required by the ASX (and if directed to do so by the Trust Manager), provide a letter confirming the authorisation of the Trust Manager in connection with such application for listing;
- (c) if an application is made by the Trust Manager to list any Class of Notes on the ASX, the Trust Manager undertakes to the Trustee to:
  - (i) give the Trustee such directions;
  - (ii) prepare or arrange the preparation of all applicable forms and documents and direct the Trustee in relation to the execution and filing of such forms and documents; and
  - (iii) take such actions on behalf of the Trustee,

as are necessary to ensure the Trustee complies with all applicable listing rules and requirements of the ASX and all ongoing compliance and disclosure obligations under any of the foregoing in connection with the listing of the relevant Notes;

- (d) the Trust Manager fully indemnifies the Trustee from and against any expense, loss, damage, liability, fines, forfeiture, legal fees and related costs which the Trustee may incur (whether directly or indirectly) as a consequence of:
  - (i) taking any action in accordance with the authority provided to the Trust Manager by the Trustee under clause 24(a) above;
  - (ii) a breach of clause 24(c) above;
  - (iii) the listing of the Notes or any breach or alleged breach (excluding, in respect of an alleged breach, any breach alleged by the Trustee) of any applicable listing rules and requirements of the ASX; or
  - (iv) any failure or alleged failure (excluding, in respect of an alleged failure, any failure alleged by the Trustee) to make continuous disclosure in circumstances required by the ASX,

except as a result of the fraud, negligence or wilful misconduct of the Trustee.

For avoidance of doubt, the indemnity set out in clause 18.1 ("Indemnity") of the Master Trust Deed extends to any liability, loss or costs incurred by the Trustee in connection with the listing of any Notes on the ASX, and any ongoing obligations of the Trustee in relation to the listing of any Notes;

- (e) without limiting clause 18 ("Indemnity and limitation of liability") of the Master Trust Deed, in connection with any listing of Notes on ASX, the Trustee will not be fraudulent, negligent or in wilful misconduct as a result of a failure by the Trustee to:
  - (i) comply with all listing rules and other requirements of the ASX;
  - (ii) comply with any ongoing obligations under all listing rules and other requirements of the ASX; or
  - (iii) publish supplementary listing particulars or disclose any matters when required in relation to any listing of Notes on the ASX; or



- (iv) disclose any matters required under any applicable listing rules and other requirements of the ASX,

except to the extent that the failure relates to:

- (A) a failure to provide information relating to the Trustee (in its personal capacity) where that information has been requested by the Trust Manager within a reasonable timeframe and the Trustee has failed to provide that information by the time requested; and
  - (B) any false or misleading information relating to the Trustee (in its personal capacity) provided by the Trustee in response to a request by the Trust Manager.
- (f) The Trust Manager undertakes to the Trustee to not make an application to list any Class of Notes on a securities exchange other than the ASX without the Trustee's prior written consent.

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## 25 Deed poll

- (a) In respect of each deed of priority executed by BNY Trust Company of Australia Limited relating to any Purchased Receivable or Purchased Related Security, the Trustee covenants in favour of the other parties to the relevant deed of priority that it will be bound by the terms of that deed of priority, as of the Closing Date.
- (b) This document is a deed poll. Each person who is expressed to have any rights under this clause 24 has the benefit of and is entitled to enforce this clause 24 (subject to the terms of this document), even if the person is not a party to this document or may not be in existence at the time it is executed.

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## 26 Miscellaneous

### 26.1 Limitation of liability and other general matters

Each of:

- (a) clause 8.3 ("Limitation of Security Trustee's liability") of the Security Trust Deed;
- (b) clause 23 ("Notices and other communications") of the Security Trust Deed;
- (c) clause 24 ("GST") of the Security Trust Deed;
- (d) clause 26 ("General") of the Security Trust Deed; and
- (e) clause 18.3 ("Limitation of Trustee's liability") of the Master Trust Deed,

are incorporated into this document as if they were fully set out in this document and any clause references in such clauses were to the corresponding incorporated clause, except that where clause 24 ("GST") of the Security Trust Deed applies to any supply under this document, any amount payable on account of GST under such clause must not exceed an amount calculated by multiplying the rate of GST applicable to the supply by the amount of any payment or consideration for that supply other than under such clause.

## 26.2 Business Day Convention

Unless the contrary intention appears, in this document a reference to a particular date is a reference to that date adjusted in accordance with the Business Day Convention.

## 26.3 Banking Code of Practice

The parties to the Transaction Documents agree that the Banking Code of Practice (as amended, supplemented or replaced from time to time) published by the Australian Banking Association does not apply to any Transaction Document or any transaction or service under any Transaction Document.

## 26.4 Verification Provisions

The Originator undertakes to keep all records in relation to each Purchased Receivable required in accordance, where applicable, with any Verification Provision and give access to those records to the Trustee on request if required by the Trustee to comply with such Verification Provision.

## 26.5 Governing Law and Jurisdiction

This document and the Trust are governed by the laws in force in New South Wales. Each party submits to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of New South Wales.

## 26.6 Electronic Means

In no event shall the Trustee or Security Trustee be liable for any losses arising as a result of the use of Electronic Means for the transmission or receipt of any notice, instruction or other communications by the Trustee or Security Trustee (as applicable). The Trustee and the Security Trustee have no duty or obligation to verify or confirm that the person who sent such notice, instruction or direction is, in fact, a person authorised to give instructions or directions on behalf of that other party. “**Electronic Means**” as used in this clause shall mean the following communications methods: (i) non-secure methods of transmission or communication such as e-mail and facsimile transmission and (ii) secure electronic transmission containing applicable authorisation codes, passwords and/or authentication keys issued by the Trustee or Security Trustee, or another method or system specified by the Trustee or Security Trustee as available for use in connection with its services hereunder.

**EXECUTED** as a deed.

# Schedule 1 Eligibility Criteria

The **Eligibility Criteria** for each Purchased Receivable are as follows:

- (a) the Purchased Receivable is denominated in and repayable only in Australian dollars;
- (b) the number of Arrears Days (if any) in respect of the Purchased Receivable is not more than 30 days as at the Cut-Off Date;
- (c) the Purchased Receivable and each Purchased Related Security are enforceable in accordance with their respective terms against the relevant Obligor (subject to laws relating to insolvency and creditors' rights generally);
- (d) at the time the Purchased Receivable and each Purchased Related Security were entered into, the Purchased Receivable complied in all material respects with all applicable laws;
- (e) the LVR of the Purchased Receivable (as at the Cut-Off Date) does not exceed 80%;
- (f) the Purchased Receivables requires monthly, fortnightly or weekly payments (after an interest only period not exceeding 5 years in the case of an Interest Only Loan) sufficient to pay interest and fully amortise principal over the term of the Purchased Receivable;
- (g) the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Purchased Receivable as at the Closing Date does not exceed \$3,000,000;
- (h) the Purchased Related Security in respect of the Purchased Receivable includes a mortgage which is a first ranking mortgage over the relevant Land;
- (i) the Land secured by the Purchased Related Security in respect of the Purchased Receivable is located in a capital city, metropolitan area or regional centre in either New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland, South Australia, Western Australia, Tasmania, the Northern Territory or the Australian Capital Territory;
- (j) the Land secured by the Purchased Related Security in respect of the Purchased Receivable is residential property;
- (k) the Land secured by a Purchased Related Security in respect of the Purchased Receivable includes land which is not solely vacant land or rural land;
- (l) the Originator obtained a valuation of the Land secured by the Purchased Related Security in respect of the Purchased Receivable from a qualified valuer or from a nationally recognised valuation service using an Automated Valuation Model (as defined in the Manual of Procedures) or Electronic Valuer Review (as defined in the Manual of Procedures);
- (m) each Purchased Related Security that is required to be registered with, or stamped by, any Government Agency is or will be registered and stamped in accordance with all applicable laws;
- (n) the maximum term of the Purchased Receivable is 30 years and 6 months from its settlement date and it matures at least 21 months prior to the Maturity Date;

- (o) the Purchased Receivable is insured under a Title Insurance Policy;
- (p) the Purchased Receivable was originated in the ordinary course of business of the Originator;
- (q) the Purchased Receivable is not a Construction Loan;
- (r) the Purchased Receivable is not a Bridging Loan;
- (s) the relevant Obligor is not an employee or officer of the Originator or a Related Body Corporate of the Originator;
- (t) to the best of the Originator's knowledge, the relevant Obligor is not Insolvent;  
and
- (u) the Purchased Receivable was fully drawn when it was settled.

# Think Tank Residential Series 2024-1 Trust - Issue Supplement

## Signing page

DATED: 17 April 2024

### Trustee

**SIGNED, SEALED AND DELIVERED** )  
by )  
 )  
as attorney for **BNY TRUST** )  
**COMPANY OF AUSTRALIA LIMITED** )  
in its capacity as trustee of the )  
**Think Tank Residential Series 2024-** )  
**1 Trust** under power of attorney dated )  
1 September 2007 )  
)  
)  
)



Vice President

Digitally signed  
by Luke Ashby  
Date:  
2024-04-16  
13:19+10:00

.....  
By executing this document the  
attorney states that the attorney has  
received no notice of revocation of the  
power of attorney

### Security Trustee

**SIGNED SEALED AND DELIVERED** )  
by )  
 )  
as attorney for **BNY TRUST** )  
**(AUSTRALIA) REGISTRY LIMITED** in )  
its capacity as trustee of the **Think** )  
**Tank Residential Series 2024-1 Trust** )  
**Security Trust** under power of attorney )  
dated 1 September 2007 )  
)  
)  
)



Vice President

Digitally signed  
by Luke Ashby  
Date:  
2024-04-16  
13:19+10:00

.....  
By executing this document the  
attorney states that the attorney has  
received no notice of revocation of the  
power of attorney

**Standby Servicer and Standby Trust Manager**

**SIGNED, SEALED AND DELIVERED** )  
by )

as attorney for **AMAL ASSET** )  
**MANAGEMENT LIMITED** under )  
power of attorney dated 1 May 2023 )



Hagbarth Strom  
Head of Transaction Management Group

.....  
By executing this document the  
attorney states that the attorney has  
received no notice of revocation of the  
power of attorney

**Trust Manager, Originator and Servicer**

**EXECUTED** by **THINK TANK GROUP** )  
**PTY LIMITED** in accordance with )  
section 127(1) of the *Corporations Act* )  
2001 (Cth) by authority of its directors: )

*Jonathan Street* )  
..... )  
Signature of director )

**JONATHAN STREET** )  
..... )  
Name of director (block letters) )

*Ben Cook* )  
..... )  
Signature of ~~director~~/company secretary\* )  
\*delete whichever is not applicable )

**BEN COOK** )  
..... )  
Name of ~~director~~/company secretary\* )  
(block letters) )  
\*delete whichever is not applicable )